Senior PLO official visits Saudi Arabia

DUBAI (R) — Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Executive Committee member Mahmoud Abbas arrived in Saudi Arabia Saturday at the start of a four-day visit to the kingdom, an official at the PLO's Riyadh mission said. Mr. Abbas is the most senior PLO official to visit Saudi Arabia since the organisation's apparent backing for Iraq in the Guff war cost it the support of Gulf Arab states. The PLO source said Mr. Abbas would meet Saudi officials but gave no details. Last month Mr. Abbas held talks in Doha with the emit of Oatar and also visited the Suttanget of held talks in Doha with the emir of Qatar and also visited the Sultanate of Oman. All Gulf Arab states cut vital financial aid and political support to the PLO when it appeared to side with Iraq in the 1990-1991 Gulf crisis.



Petra staff to set 30% overtime allowance

AMMAN (Petra) — The Cabinet Saturday approved a recommendation by the Civil Service Commission to grant employees at the Jordan News Agency, Petra, a maximum of 30 per cent allowance for overtime work Agency, Petra, a maximum of 30 per cent allowance for overtime work. The Cabinet also approved a recommendation by Supply Minister Mohammad Al Saqqaf to allow beneficiaries of the Civil Consumers Corporation (CCC) to use the stores of the Military Consumers Corporation (MCC) in Al Shobak. Wadi Musa, Al Huseniyya and Al Jafr areas. The decision also allows beneficiaries from the MCC to shop at the CCC beneficiaries in North Shungh. Al Macharel, Gloss Al Safe and the CCC branches in North Shuneh. Al Mashare'. Ghor Al Safi and Manshiyat Al Mafraq. The decision was taken to save the government the costs of opening new branches for the two corporations in these areas. The Council of Ministers also approved the formation of Jordan's delegation to a donor's conference to be held in Paris Jan. 27-29. The delegation will be headed by the planning minister and will include the minister of finance and the Central Bank of Jordan deputy governor.

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Dumas, Algerian leader discuss ties

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> ALGIERS (R) — French Foreign Minister Roland Dumas met Algerian Head of State Ali Kafi Saturday to discuss bilateral relations and ties between the Eoro-pean Community (EC) and the Maghreb, the official APS news agency said. Describing his talks as "very friendly and usefut," Mr. Dumas said that Mr. Kafi had also briefed him on the authorities' view of the outlook for Algeria. Algeria's economy is crippled by a foreign debt of about \$25 billion and the authorities are in open war against Muslim extremists seeking to make the country an Islamic state. France is the biggest trading partner and main creditor of the country, which it ruled until being driven out in 1962. Mr. Dumas, paying a two-day working visit, said on his arrival Friday he planned to give the two countries' often-difficult relations a

Kuwait biocks protest over India unrest

:Thac∙

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait Saturday blocked a decision by a community-run supermarket to dismiss non-Muslim employees in protest at the destruction of a mosque in India last month. The official Kuwait News Agency (KUNA) reported that the minister of social affairs and labour Jassem Mohammad Al Oun, ordered Al Sabahiya and Al Ahmadi Cooperative Society supermarket to rescind its Dec. 15 decision. The cooperative had described its move as a gesture of solidarity with Muslims in India after Hindu militants destroyed a mosque in northern India on Dec. 6, triggering nationwide vio-lence in which more than 1,100 people were killed. There was no indication of the number of employees who had faced dismissal.

Jonah in Maputo

MAPUTO (R) - United Nations troubleshooter James Jonah was to meet President Joaquim Chisano Saturday for talks on the Mozambican peace process. The U.N. undersecretary-general is on a four-day vist to Mozambique to monitor the peace pact signed by the government and the Renamo rebel movement last October. Mr. Jonah said the United Nations was making a special effort in Mozambique to prevent a situation like that in Angola, which has been on the verge of renewed civil war. Hundreds of thousands of people were killed or displaced in nearly two decades of fighting between Mozambican troops and Re-namo, which was formed in the 1970s with the support of the white government in the former

Nigerian assembly meetings delayed

LAGOS (R) - The reconvening of Nigeria's recently inaugurated elected civilian national assembly has been delayed by two weeks, newspapers said Saturday. Adamu Fika, elerk of the twochamber assembly, was quoted as saying the 683-member legislature would resume sitting in Abuja on Jan. 25 instead of Jan. 11, as previously scheduled. Newspapers said his statement gave no reason for the delay but other assembly officials said it was probably due to a shortage of suitable accommodations in Nigeria's new capital. The assembly, elected in July, was inaugurated by military President Ibrahim Babangida on Dec. 5 after he delayed by eight months to August the date for handing over full power to civilians because of fraudulent presidential party pri-



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Iraq tension eases

U.S. says Baghdad complied with ultimatum

Combined agency dispatches

THE UNITED STATES said Saturday that Baghdad has bowed to allied demands that it move anti-aircraft missiles from threatening positions in southern Iraq and cease violations of a "no-fly" zone in the south.

In a White House statement, presidential spokesman Marlin Fitzwater signalled the end - at least for now - of the crisis that erupted late last month, saying: All evidence indicates that Iraq is acceding to the requirements of the coalition's Jan. 6, 1993, demarche (demand).

"No Iraqi aircraft have entered the no-fly zone south of the 32nd Parailel and the Iraqi surface-toair missiles have been dispersed and are no longer threatening coalition flight operations," Mr. Fitzwater said,

While Iraq has obeyed the ultimatum the threat of allied mititary action remains in case of further violations, a senior U.S. official said.

"We are not right now in a crisis mode," the official told reporters. "But there are not going to be any more warnings.

The (military) hammer is atill

The statement by the official, who asked not to be identified, came as U.S. warptanes increased reconnaissance flights from the aircraft carrier Kitty Hawk in the Gulf in cloudy skies over south-

"But the warning still stands. There will be no more warnings" before allied military action if Iraq moves missiles back into "threatening" positions against allied planes or violates the "nofly" zone south of the 32nd Parallel with its own warplanes, the U.S. official added.

The movements put Baghdad into compliance with a 48-hour ultimatum from the allies, which expired at 5:30 p.m. EST Friday for moving the SAM-2 and 3 missiles out of positions south of the 32nd Parallel,

A senior U.S. defence official earlier Saturday told Reuters that Iraq bad moved some SAM-2 and SAM-3 missile batteries out of the no-fly zone and was moving others into non-threatening positions within the zone as demanded by the Western powers with support from Russia.

"The assessment now is that they (Iraqis) have moved some of the missiles north of the zone and that others are on the move (to less-threatening areas south of the tine)," the defence official

The zone was established last

Iraq began challenging the zone two weeks ago, penetrating it several times with its war-planes, and a U.S. F-16 fighter plane shot one Iraqi MiG-25 over the zone on Dec. 27.

The Washington Post reported Saturday that alarm bells were rung over the Soviet-made missiles because Iraq had arranged them in a "kill basket" where its fighter planes had been challenging the "no-fly" zone. It was clearly a trap setup, with the aircraft trying to lure you into the basket," an unidentified senior officer told the Post.

Iraq denounced "humiliating Western demands" Saturday. Tension seemed to be ebbing from the latest post-Gulf war crisis. Life in Baghdad was much

Petrol stations were a bit busier than normal, but there was no

panic buying and no protest de-monstrations.

Iraq's latest public statement, given by Foreign Minister Mohammed Saeed Al Sahaf to the Iraqi News Agency (INA), accused the United States of fabricating the missile crisis, but steered away from the "fight to the death" tone of the Baghdad

In a defiant article on Saturday, President Saddam Hussein's press officer Abdul Jabbar Muhsen wrote in the government newspaper Al Jumbouriyah that "if we want to survive, we have no other alternative but to resist and defy."

But he added: "We should

express this in an honourable fight... at the time chosen for us by our leadership... and by the means it decides are suitable."

Iraq's Ambassador to the United Nations, Nizar Hamdoun, said his country reserved "the right to do anything it wants with its military installations" but he hoped a showdown had been averted." I don't think that Iraq is interested in a confrontation,"

(Continued on page 5)

Somalia force gets mixed review

MOGADISHU (Agencies) — Relief workers said Saturday that the month-old presence of a U.S.-led task force has greatly helped getting food to starving Somalis, but insecurity still dogs their work in Mogadishu and the

southern port of Kismayu. U.N. Children's Fund (UN-ICEF) Representative Mark Stirling said the multinational mission bad achieved "mixed results" since U.S. marines swarmed ashore in the Somali capital on Dec. 9.

Deployment of the 31,000strong force had helped aid groups to feed inland famine centres such as Baidoa, Bardere, Belet-Ueh and Hodur, where death and malnutrition rates are

highest.
Military engineers would repair
the airstrips at Hodour, Be-lethuen and Jalalaksi, and patch roads around Bardere.

"So up-country the progress has been very good," Mr. Stirling told Reuters television. "There has certainly been an improve-

But insecurity, highlighted by the murder of UNICEF staffer Sean Devereux a week ago, still hampered relief efforts in Kismayu, where U.S. and Belgian troops landed on Dec. 20. Mr. Stirling said lawlessness in

Troops rush

as riots flare

BOMBAY (R) — Rioters burnt

shops and cars and pelted fire

banking and commercial centre.

garment factory in a fresh up-

that has claimed 93 lives in Bom-

Ahmadabad since Wednesday.

Forty-five fires were reported

in different parts of Bombay and

be spreading to new districts.

enforce a daytime curfew in the

worst-bit areas, mostly teeming

slums where scores of people

have been stabbed and homes

In central Bombay, a masked

man ran through the streets

spraying buildings with bullets

from an AK-47 assault rifle, while

police intervened to halt Hindus

armed with axes and crowbars

from trying to demolish a mosque

at Jacobs Circle, near the city

centre, witnessed said.

burnt.

to Bombay

northern districts, was a continuing headache.

Foreign troops from 20 countries have poured into Somalia in the past month to try to stop a reign of terror by clan gangs whose feuding has killed 30,000 worst famine of the century.

U.N. spokeswoman Katerina Toll said 30,000 tonnes of relief goods from nine ships had flooded into Mogadishu's congested port, as well as 50,000 tonnes of military supplies.

"Operation Restore Hope is currently at D-day plus 30," said Chief Warrant Officer Eric Carlson, an American spokesman. Foreign troops had secured eight locations for use as staging-

posts for relief efforts ahead of schedule, he said. "Currently we are boping that bumanitarian relief agencies will be able to continue to operate in those sectors and very soon U.N. forces will be able to move in as

we move from our current...

peace enforcement role to a peacekeeping role." The Marines were expanding their presence in Mogadishu, "conducting very aggressive pat-rols, seizing a lot of weapons and making it a more secure environment" for relief agencies.

Mogadishu itself, especially in its ... Officer Carlson did not say when the Americans might turn over their leading role to the United Nations.

Though warring Somali factions signed a tentative ceasefire agreement at a U.N.-sponsored meeting in Addis Ababa Friday, people and aggravated Africa's any such bandover will be fraught with difficulty. · Asked if the U.N. could take

on the mission now spearheaded by Washington, a senior aide to Mogadishu warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed said it was out of the question.

"We don't believe the U.N. can fulfill that function," Abdi Osman Farah, deputy chairman of General 'Aideed's United Somali Congress (USC), told Reuters Saturday. "We believe the U.S.-led force

should stay with us up to the time complete peace is established, the state forces are called back and security is put back in their hands," he said. Somali factions bave agreed to

hold reconciliation talks on March 15, but must still decide an agenda and guest list.

A memorial service was held in

Yateley, England, for Devereux, the U.N. relief worker who was shot to death in Somalia.

(Continued on page 3)



A stabbing victim is taken away to hospital in central Bombay where communal violence flared Friday and Saturday (AFP photo)

pelted with stones by rioters. "We're not getting any protectioo from the police," said an officer at the fire control centre.

Hospitals reported that more than 300 people had been injured in the past four days in a wave of

Firemen complained they were stabbings and arson attacks in an trying to douse fires while being apparent deliberate revival of communal tensions by Hindu

At least 13 more people were killed on Saturday, taking the death toll in Bombay over the

(Continued on page 3)

Israel hopeful on Vatican ties

ASSISI, Italy (R) — An Israeli negotiator said Saturday that the Jewish state and the Vatican could reach agreement by this spring clearing the way for the

"It is a remarkable testimony of good faith that we have already come three-quarters of the way in such a short time," said Rabbi David Rosen.

Rabbi Rosen is a member of a bilateral Vatican-Israeli commission set up in July with a brief to normalise relations between the Jewish state and the centre of world Catholicism.

Rabbi Rosen, bead of the inter-faith department of the anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith (ADL) in occupied Jeru-salem, is in Assisi to attend a prayer vigil for peace in the Bal-

He told reporters the commis-sion had resolved "about 75 per cent" of the problems and was aiming to reach a fundamental agreement in their next few meetings. The commission is sche-duled to resume meetings next month.

Obviously, this (diplomatic relations) is one of the issues in the fundamental agreement," he

"If the different parties come back at the beginning of February and we have the answers to these outsanding matters and they could be agreed upon, there is no reason why only a few weeks tater there could not be some exchange of diplomatic representatives."

Diplomatic relations would also make it easier for Pope John Paul II to accept an official Israeli government invitation to visit the Holy Land. a trip he has said the is yearning to make.

The last pontiff in modern times to visit the Holy Land was Paul VI in 1964. The Vatican recognises Israet's

right to exist within secure borders, but has so far balked at forging full diplomatie ties. The relations between the two

states have sometimes been icy over issues such as papal meetings with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat.

For years the Vatican insisted that a solution to the Palestinian question and international guarantees for Jerusalem as a city sacred to Christians, Muslims and Jews should precede full diplomatic relations. Recently, however, the Vati-

can has apparently softened its demands about Jerusalem and hopes the Middle East peace talks will resolve broader issues.

(Continued on page 3)

An Iraqi woman carries food supplies at one of the Baghdad markets Saturday as life goes on as usual in the aftermath of the allied ultimatum to Iraq to pull back its anti-aircraft missiles (AFP photo) Israel says U.S. would

veto any U.N. sanctions

Red Cross evacuates 2 expellees; nine more 'mistaken' evictees to be returned home

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — The United Strates has assured Israel it would veto any resolution to impose United Nations sanctions on the Jewish state for expelling 415 Palestinians to Lebanon, Israel's ambassador in Washington said Saturday.

"I would like to say quite elearly that we bave been assured by the State Department at a very bigb level ... that in no case will the U.S. allow the Security Council to adopt a resolution which could lead to sanctions against Israel," the ambassador, Zalman Shoval, told Israel Radio.

He said sanctions against Israel could halt the Middle East peace process.

"If sanctions would bave been imposed this of course might sound the death knell for the peace process which Hamas and the Islamic Jihad wanted to destroy," he said.

The Security Council condemned the Dec. 17 expulsions and demanded that Israel take the Palestinians back.

U.N. Secretary-General Bout-ros Ghali said Monday he might recommend unspecified steps by the Security Council to force Israel's band.

The second U.N. envoy to visit

Gharekhan, met Foreign Minister Shimon Peres Friday.

Meanwhile Israel has allowed the Red Cross to fly another nine Palestinians "mistakenly" expelled to Lebanon back to Israel's "security zone" in South Lebanon, the defence ministry said.

"The ICRC (International Committee of the Red Cross) can fly them back to Naqoura tomorrow," defence ministry spokes-man Oded Ben-Ami told Reu-

evacuated two others of the 415 On Saturday, two officials of the ICRC visited the rain-soaked

Earlier Red Cross officials

tent camp of the evicted Palesti-They evacuated Zuheir Labbadah, 31, afflicted by a kidney ailment and Bassem Al Siyuri,

(Continued on page 5)



Red Cross doctor Cordula Wolfisberg confers with Palestinian evictees in a South Lebanon tent Saturday (AFP photo)

Shetland islanders prevent spraying of new oil leak

SUMBURGH, Scotland (R) -The wrecked tanker Braer spewed out fresh slicks of oil as it began to break up Saturday but Shettand islanders stopped antipollution squads spraying disper-sants because of fears over health

After two days of southerty gales, preventing any spraying, the black-brown slick has spread to around 40 kilometres of coastline in the most northerly of the Salvage of the rest of the

85,000 tonnes of crude oil on the vessel has yet to get under way. Storms with gusts of up to 160 kilometres an hour were forecast to hit the islands late Saturday and continue Sunday, hampering the clean-up operation further and preventing salvage teams

landing on the wreck, which is

impaled on rocks at the southern

tip of the main island. After watching helplessly for five days since the Braer lost power and drfited on to rocks, islanders' feelings of anger are beginning to boil over.

Shetland Islands officials told the Marine Pollution Control Service it would not take advantage of calmer conditions on Saturday morning to spray dispersant on the slick from aircraft until it could convince them the chemicals were not harmful to humans.

"There is a sense of sadness over this incident which will last a long time ahead, it's like a death in the family," Shetland Council leader Malcolm Green told a

news conference. He said he expected the cost of the disaster to the islands to run to several million pounds.

"We are aware of the concern

among local people that the spray could be harmful," Chris Harris of marine pollution control said. Around 40 square kilometres of tand near the southern coast has been contaminated by airborne oil, some of it seriously. Families have move away from the area because of the smell, complaining of nausea and dizzi-

Most do not believe scientists and health officials who tell them this atmospheric pollution is not harmful.

An indication of the change in mond among local people, who believe they are normally ignored by politicians on the mainland, was the presence of a Greenpeace representative at the news confer-

Paul Horsham, from the international environmental pressure group, said he believed one of the dispersant sprays used here was dangerous and said it had been banned in several countries.

We view using dispersants here with extreme concern, we do not support the spraying of dispersant," he said. "They are carrying out a sort of experiment here and are not really sure

what's going on." The engine room at the stern of

(Continued on page 3)

Arabs in Europe pay tribute to King

AMMAN (Petra) - Secretary General of the pan-Arab Alliance in Europe Ahmad Al Saleheen Al Houni Saturday paid tribute to His Majesty King Hussein's catl for unifying Arab ranks and adherence to pan-Arabism.

In a cable sent to King Hussein Mr. Houni voiced the alliance's thanks and gratefulness for the King's call for establishing a united Arab nation in a federal framework made in a nationwide address Nov. 23.

"The constituent meeting which declared the establishment of the Europe-based pan-Arab alliance held in London Dec. 27-28, 1992 took a unanimous decision to send Your Majesty our appreciation and thanks for your historic address on Nov. 23 in which you called for adherence to pan-Arahism and the establishment of an Arab unity within a federal framework," Mr. Houni said in his

"... The alliance in Europe appreciates Your Majesty for starting positive steps to place the Arab leaders before their historical responsibilities in this era in which unified entities in the world are appearing and the new world order is taking shape," he

Mr. Houni said the Arabs should face "this new world order with national unity so that they be able to affirm the status of their nation among other world nations,"

He said as Arabs in Europe, estimated at about to mittion people. witness European unity, they look forward for the day when the Arab

Lee Hamilton retains House Mideast sub-committee chair

WASHINGTON (USIA) — Representative Lee H. Hamilton, in addition to chairing the House of Representative's Foreign Affairs Committee, is retaining his post as chairman of the Subcommittee on Europe and the Middle East.

In an organisational meeting Wednesday, the House Foreign Affairs Committee approved the chairmen and members of its seven sub-committees for the 103rd Congress. The Europe and Middle East subcommittee will have nine Democrats and six Republicans; four members are newly elected representatives. Sub-committee members in-

clude: Lee H. Hamilton (Democrat from Indiana); Eliot L. Engel (Democrat from New York); Charles E. Schumer (Democrat from New York): Robert A. Borski (Democrat from Pennsylvania); Robert E. Andrews (Democrat from New Jersey); Sherrod Brown (Democrat from Ohio); Alcee Hastings (Democrat from Florida): Tom Lantos (Democrat from California); Benjamin A. Gilman (Republican from Pennsylvania); Jan Meyers (Republican from Kansas); Elton Gallegly (Republican from California); David Levy (Republican from New York); and Jun Leach (Republican from Iowa).

First elected to the House of Representatives in 1964. Lee Hamilton is one of the most senior and respected members of Congress. Hamilton is known for his strong intellect, capacity for hard work and sense of moral imperative. Viewed as an influential voice

on foreign policy issues, Mr. Hamilton advised the Clinton campaign on these issues and reportedly was on the presidentelect's list of possible nominees for secretary of state,
On the Middle East, Mr.

Hamilton is known for his balanced views, and according to the Almanac of American Politics, "is one of the few members who is genuinely respected on hoth

One issue Mr. Hamilton has sought halance in is foreign aid allocations. Hamilton is against earmarking large amounts of foreign aid for a few countries as is the current practice with ect to israel and Although unsuccessful in his efforts, Mr. Hamilton along with the ranking Republican member of the subcommittee, Benjamin Gilman, has worked to pass a foreign aid bill with less earmarking, fewer legislative conditions, and no conflicting objectives.

On arms sales to the Middle East, during a recent congressional hearing on the issue, Mr. Hamilton expressed "very deep concern that the total sales we have made into that region are highly destabilising over a period

objection to a resolution that would recognise Jerusalem as Israel's capital, saying such a resolution would be "unduly provocative and not for any gain."

He supported providing Israel with \$10,000 million in housing loan guarantees, stating that "this immigration to Israel is one of the great humanitarian success stories of the age — tremendously successful. We want to make it

Mr. Hamilton voted against the use of force to reverse Iraq's invasion of Kuwait and supported the continued reliance on economic sanctions. Once U.S. troops were deployed, however, Mr.

On the Middle East, Mr. Hamilton is known for his balanced views, and according to the Almanac of American Politics, "is one of the few members who is genuinely respected on both sides."

Hamilton stood by President Bush's decision. "Let's now stand behind the president and the troops and see that the United States comes out of this in as strong a position as possible," he

Recently, Mr. Hamilton has spoken out forcefully against Iraq's violations of the "no-fly" zone over southern Iraq, "We cannot tolerate it. And I think President Bush and Presidentelect Clinton are united on that point, as are the coalition part-ners," Hamilton said during a Friday Jan. 7 television interview.

We cannot tolerate any violation of that no-fly zone and if they continue to do it, we will strike, he stressed. Middle East positions taken by

some of the other members of the

sub-committee are: Benjamin Gilman, ranking Republican member of the subcommittee, has voiced concern over arms sales to Arah countries, called for an end to the Arah boycott of Israel and cosponsored a hill to move the U.S. embassy in Israel to Jerusalem. Gilman strongly supported the of force in the Gulf war, as did another leading Republican member of the sub-committee,

Eliot Engel introduced a joint resolution, which passed 387 to 34, stating that Jerusalem "is and should remain" the capital of

--- Tom Lantos called for sanctions against Iraq for the 1988 killing of the Kurds, strongly supported the use of force to reverse Iraq's invasion of Kuwait and called for putting Iraqi President Saddam Hussein on trial for war crimes after the Gulf war.

Mr. Hamilton has voiced Mr. Lantos is a co-founder of the Congressional Human Rights Caocus. A strong supporter of Israel in Congress, Lantos has called for an end to the Arab boycott of Israel.

- Charles Schumer has voiced concern over arms sales to Arah countries. He has called for an end to the Arab boycott of Israel and introduced legislation to tighten federal scrutiny of com-panies that may reject doing business with Israel. Schumer recently issued a report alleging that the Syrian government directly benefits from its association with drug traffickers in Lebanon. - Elton Gallegly was an early

proponent of congressional resolutions supporting President Bush's policies on reversing Iraq's invasion of Kuwait. Gallegly, along with other members of Congress, briefed the president on his December 1990 trip to the Middle Fast

The four newly elected members of Congress on the Europe and the Middle East subcommirtee for the most part focused on domestic issues during their cam-

- Sherrod Brown is a former Ohio state representative, secretary of state, and political science instructor at Ohio State University. Mr. Brown is well known in Ohio for bis voter registration efforts and economic development and consumer protection projects. Brown has written about Eastern Europe and voiced opposition to the North American Free Trade Agreement.

— Peter Deutsch is an attorney

and served as a Florida state representative and director of Medicare information for a family service agency. While serving in the Florida House of Representatives. Mr. Deutsch wrote state comprehensive health insurance and group insurance legislation. He plans to continue his health-care activism while in the U.S. Congress. - Alcee Hastings is an attor-

ney and former Broward County circuit judge and U.S. district judge. Mr. Hastings' bid for election drew nationwide attention because it came three years after the Congress voted to impeach and remove the former district judge from office for allegedly e bribes a d Iving while on the bench. Mr. Hastings, Florida's first African American federal judge, was acquitted by a jury and a federal judge ruled in September 1992 that the Scnate's vote to remove him was unconstitutional. The ruling is now on appeal.

- David Levy is a former news reporter, public relations expert and town councilman, Mr. Levy has stated that he will concentrate on telecommunications legislation, reductions on the capital gains tax and a halanced-budget amendment.



priority must be "Preventing a

deterioration of the transatlantic

links, and a deterioration of the

relationship with Japan" and then

- Expects that Muslim fun-

strengtbening that relationship.

damentalism is going to be "a

difficult question for years to

come for us all. To some degree

degree - that problem is attenu-

ated if and when we can help

hring about real peace in the Middle East between Egypt and its neighbours. That, to me, is the

critical beginning of trying elimin-

ate - or to Israel, and its neigh-

bours. And that, I think, is critic-

al to trying to some degree deal

with the attitude of the Muslim

World."

— Said he opposes "culting off trade with Iran if it's peaceful trade." Iran's attitudes might be

influenced for the better in part

by developing husiness rela-tionships again. On the other hand, he made clear, Iran's con-

duct, including its support of ter-

rorism "in Lebanon and other

places" makes it "very difficult, if

not impossible, for us to do much

"inability to bring the slaughter

to an end in Bosnia has had a very

substantial impact on the atti-

tudes of the Muslim World, and

has encouraged Muslim extrem-

"To some degree ...what we're

trying to do in Somalia, I hope,

will show the Muslim World that

- Pointed out that the West's

more

isn't the case."

- and I think, to some great

nians expelled by Israel to South Lebanon on Dec.

17 carries a gallon of water into his tent Saturday in a freezing hilkide between Israeli and Lebanese lines (AFP photo)

Eagleburger sees prospects for Syrian-Israeli accord

WASHINGTON (USIA) -Secretary of State Lawrence Eagleburger says be thinks there are prospects for a Syrian-Israeli peace settlement.

"It takes a lot of work, and I can't guarantee it, but I think things are moving," the secretary said Friday in answer to questions after a speech to the Council on Foreign Relations.

In wide-ranging responses ing the successes of the Bush administration and issues facing the incoming Clinton administration, Mr. Eagleburger also made the following points:

- Praised the peacekeeping efforts of U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali in the former Yugoslavia and Somalia, while adding that there are "a host of things that can be done and should be done in terms of building up the U.N.'s military planning system, in terms of trying to earmark forces that could train logether for peacekeeping and peacemaking operations. - Said that support for Presi-

denr Boris Yeltsin's reform efforts in Russia is critical since if they should fail we will be "nationalist — not communist, but Russian national government which will be antagonistic to many of our purposes" and the U.S. will again face the "problem of the veto" at the United Nations. While the United States cannot "make Mr. Yeltsin succeed.

Noted that difficulty over the Uruguay round of trade negotiations reflects in part the current "political conditions in some parts" of the European Community caused by the European Community's (EC) slow movement

Libya closes towards unification. The United States, he said, would be far borders better served by a "politically and economically" unified Western Europe that is prepared to be-come a "global thinker." — Insisted that a major U.S.

TUNIS (R) — Libya, already cut off from the world by an air embargo, closed its land horders for at least three days from Saturday in protest against United Nations sanctions imposed on the country over airliner bombings.

The action was taken because of the "enormous human and material losses incurred by the Libyan Arah people" as a result of the U.N. embargo, the Libyan justice ministry said Friday in a statement carried by the official Libyan news agency (JANA). It said the sanctions had been a

major, contributing factor in the road-accident death Wednesday of Justice and Public Order Minister Ibrahim Mobammad Bakkar and also played a part in the Dec. 22 Libyan airliner crash in which 157 people died.

The borders will be closed from 7 a.m. (0500 GMT) Saturday to 7

a.m. (0500 GMT) Tuesday, and "the concerned authorities are examining the possibility that they remain closed indefinitely;" The Justice Ministry statement said Mr. Bakkar would not have

been travelling by road, from a meeting of Arab justice ministers in Tunisia, if it were not for the air embargo. Lihya says the embargo has

starved it of spare parts for civil Lihya shares land borders with

Tunisia, Egypt, Chad, Niger and Sudan, but most overland traffic is with Tunisia and Egypt.

Libyan officials gave no details on the circumstances of Mr. Bakkar's accident.

Kabul rocket attack kills three children

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

ISLAMABAD (R) - Government opponents fired rockets into the Afghan capital Kahul Friday, killing three children, the state-radio in neighbouring Pakistan said. It quoted a Pakistan Foreign. Ministry spokesman as saying one rocket landed near the Pakistani embassy in Kabul but no damage was caused to the building. It said several rockets landed in Kabul. The Afghancapital has been repeatedly attacked by rockets after a controver-

Fahd donates for sick British child's operation

sial assembly elected President Burhanuddin Rabbani on Dec. 30

for the next two years. Nine rockets landed in Kabul Thursday:

wounding eight people.

LONDON (R) — Saudi Arabia's King Fahd gave money Friday to help a sick British child go to the United States for a life-saving operation. Saudi Ambasador Dr. Ghazi Al Gosaibi handed £75,000 (\$115,000) to the family of three-year-old Stuart Mastersto contribute to the cost of a bowel and liver transplant. It is the second time in a year King Fahd has given money for such an operation, carried out by doctors in Pittshurgh. Last year the Saudi king gave £150,000 (\$230,000) to help four-year-old Laura. Davies go to the children's hospital there for the same operation.

Iraqi assembly extends term two years

NICOSIA (AP) - In the midst of the Iraqi missile controversy, Iraq's National Assembly extended its tenure for two more years. The 250-member assembly was elected in April 1989 for a four-year term, meaning members should have faced new elections this year. But Speaker Saadi Mahdi Saleh announced Friday that the current session would be extended until 1995, according to Iraqi radio. The radio said the assembly's term had: been extended by "a republican decree," hut gave no details. In the last elections, members of the Arah Baath Socialist Party took. more than half the assembly seats. The rest were won by independents and members of the National Progressive Front, a. loose coalition of small, pro-Baath parties. President Saddam, Hussein has repeatedly pledged broader democracy for Iraq's 18 million citizens. On July 4, 1991, the assembly passed a bill to. required to acknowledge the supremacy of Baathists. At least one new party, a "green party" called Madhar Aref, emerged in March 1992. permit the formation of opposition parties, although they were

General Dynamics wins contract increase

WASHINGTON (R) - General Dynamics Corp was awarded a \$116 million increase Friday in its contract to build 46 F-I6C/D. fighter planes for sale of Egypt. The planes are being built at the General Dynamics plant in Fort Worth, Texas, and are expected to be completed in April. The contract includes support equipment for the planes.

Dlouf begins visit to Morocco

RABAT (R) - Senegalese President Abou Diouf arrived in the central Moroccan city of Fez Friday and said he would discuss African and Islamic affairs with King Hassan. "We are on the eve of an Organisation of Islamic Conference meeting which I have, called for Dakar Monday to examine hurning issues I will discuss with His Majesty," he told reporters. Diplomats said Mr. Diouf's three-day private visit indicated Senegal's relations with Morocco. were back to normal after a period of strain. They said Morocco expressed irritation last year when Mr. Diouf hosted a summit of the Organisation of African-Unity in Dakar attended by the self-styled Saharan Arab Democratic Republic, which is fighting. Morocco for iodependence in Western Sahara. Regarding Senegal's ties with Morocco Mr. Diouf said there were "no clouds in the sky of our relations" and the two countries intended to strengthen cooperation in all fields

Egyptians study water conservation in Florida

TAMPA (AP) - An Egyptian delegation is spending six weeks in Florida learning abour water conservation from the southwest Florida water management district. They hope to find ways to reduce the amount of water Egypt sipbons from the Nile River, thus reducing growing tensions in the Middle East over the river's use. Under a \$110,000 grant from the U.S. Agency for International Development, the nine-member group will learn how Florida conserves its resources, said Mark Farrell, the district's assistant executive director. Mr. Farrell said the Egyptians were wasting or losing through leaks 40 to 50 per cent of their water supply. Among other things, they will learn how to detect leaks in the system and how to put together a public education campaign to persuade people to use less water.

Italy blasts Israel over expulsions

ROME (R) -- Italian Foreign Minister Emilio Colombo, on theeve of a trip to Jordan and Lebanon, warned Israel the case of the Palestinians it expelled last month was threatening the future of the Middle East peace talks. "The deportation...risks altering the climate of peace negotiations, and may even interrupt them," Mr. Colombo said in a letter to Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres. Mr. Colombo wil) visit Jordan and Lebanon on Jan. 11 and 12 to. discuss hilateral relations with each country and Middle East. peace negotiations.

1215

UAE offers to help protect rare bird

ISLAMABAD (R) - The endangered houhara hustard, protected by the Pakistani government from all human predators except Arab princes, has found an unexpected ally in a United-Arab Emirates (UAE) minister. UAE Culture Minister Khalfan Ben Mohammad Al Roumi Friday pledged to respect Pakistani laws prohibiting bunting of the hird and said his government. would provide funds to help protect the species, Pakistan's official: APP news agency reported. Hunting of the houbara bustard, an endangered bird that migrates to Pakistan each winter from-Central Asia, is banned in Pakistan, but the government regularly. grants special permits to Arab roya) families to hunt a limited. number each year.

10:25 13:15

Jewish groups remain suspicious of Clinton' Israel smaller percentage of the electo-By Thomas L. Friedman Relations, served as executive mainstream Jewish organisations. when it came to women's issues

New York Times

WASHINGTON - A few hours after Bill Clinton nominared Warren M. Christopher to be his secretary of state, he called several Jewish senators to ask them to persuade leaders of Jewish groups to support the appointment, even though some were uncomfortable with Mr. Christopher's connection to Jimmy Carter's foreign policy. The phone calls were part of

the behind-the-scenes wrangling between the president-elect and Jewish leaders that has been going during the transition. Some Jewish groups, transition officials said. have been quietly complaining that Mr. Clinton has appointed officials associate with women's, black and Hispanic causes to cabinet jobs, but not prominent members of the Jewish establishment.

Although they make up a much

rate than female, black of Hispanic voters, Jews donated about 60 per cent of Mr. Clinton's noninstitutional campaign funds, and about 80 per cent of Jewish voters cast their ballots for the Demo-

The Jewish groups' disquiet was compounded when Mr. Clinton chose veterans of the Carter administration, such as Mr. Christopher, for virtually every top foreign policy position. Many Jewish organizations viewed that administration as excessively tough on Israel and naive about the Arabs. Moreover, Mr. Clinton is ex-

pected to name Peter Tarnoff to be undersecretary of state for political affairs, the No. 3 person in the State Department who is in charge of day-to-day management of the department and its bureaus.

Mr. Tarnoff, who is now president of the Council on Foreign secretary to Cyrus R. Vance when Mr. Vance was secretary of state in the Carter administra-

"I know there is concern our there - I know I have a problem out there," Mr. Clinton bas told several prominent Jewish lawmakers in recent days. The lawmakers said that he told them that he intended to fix it by choosing some members of the Jewish establishment identified with pro-Israel causes to some subcabinet jobs.

They said Mr. Clinton emphasized in these conversations that Mr. Chrisopher and W. Anthony Lake, rhe national security adviser-designate who is another Carter veteran, were friends of Israel's and that in any event he would be setting the tone and

'Thar's all fine." said an executive of a major American Jewish nrganization. "But why is it that he didn't say, 'Don't worry about who is in the cabinet. Hillary will be at my side to represent you?" And why is ir when ir came to appointing blacks he didn't say. Don't worry about cabinet posts, I have a lifelong record of civil rights activism? But when it comes to Jews in the cabiner that is what we hear.'

Transition aides noted that two Jews had been named for the cabinet: Robert B. Reich as labour secretary and Zoe Baird as attorney general. But Jewish groups have privately complained to Mr. Clinron that neither has been identified with pro-Israel causes, the way Commerce Secretary-designate Ronald H. Brown has been with black issues or Housing Secretary-designate Hentry G. Cisncros has been with

Hispanic concerns. The real worry of the Jewish groups, transition aides contend, is that their monopoly on repre-

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

senting Jewish positions is being broken. Many top aides of Mr. Clinion's — such as Sara Ehman, community liaison adviser, Peter Edelman, legal affairs adviser for the transition, and Eli Segal, who was the campaign chief of staff are associated with liberal Jewish groups such as Americans for Peace Now that have often been ar odds with the traditional

groups, which have been less inclined to criticize Israeli policy. In an effort to defuse the tension. Mr. Clinton is considering the appointment of Richard Schifter, a former assistant secretary of stare for buman rights in the Bush administration, and Stuart E. Eizenstat, domestic policy adviser to President Carter, to senior State Department posts.

Lynn Cutler, deputy chairman of the Democratic National Committee, is also under consideration an important subcabinet position. All are closely tied with

Mr. Eizenstat is being looked ar for the undersecretary of state of International Security fairs, which oversees arms sales, and Mr. Schifter being considered for what is expected to be the position of undersecretary for the promotion of democracy.

"When you look at the people appointed to the foreign policy jobs there is a lingering concern carter ...," and Abraham Foxman, executive director of the Anti-Defamation League. "The Jewish continuity was disturbed and distressed about the Carter Middle East policy, because it was simplistic, and involved holding Israel to standards that are unreasonable given the neighbourhhod it lives in."
There is "disquiet" about Mr.

Clioton's foreign policy appointments to date, said Mr. Foxman because "all of those who will be dealing with Israel come from that background."

JORDAN TELEVISION

	RAMME TWO
	Reves d'enf
17:40	La Piste de Xapa
	News Fro
	Le Journal de L'hisi
	News in Heb
	News in Ar
20:30	Family Mai
21:10	Naturnal Geogra
12:00	News in Eng
27, 20	Law And O
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PRAYER TIMES

06.32 11:45	Fajr [Sunrise] Duha Dhuhr Asr
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	RCHES
St. Mary of Nazz Tel. 810740	reth Church Sweifich

of God Church, Tel. 632785. St. Joseph Church Tcl. 624590. De la Saile Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Appropriation Tel-Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. 628543.

Catholic Church Tel. Orthodox Church Tel. Armeni 775261 . dox Church Tel. 771751. International Church Tel. 685326 Latheran Church Tel: KI 1295. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 823824, 654932. Church of the Nazarene tel. 675691.

WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Department of

tt will be cold, cloudy and rainy at times during the day. In the evening, another depression will affect the Kingdom, causing a further drop in hoights with an eccuation or more than 1,000 metres above sea level. Winds will be southwesterly fresh, in Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy and there will be a chance for scattered showers of rain while winds will be southerly fresh and

Ammaa 2/ Aqaba 9/1 Descris 2/ Jordan Valley 8/1 Yesterday's high temperatures: An	Aqaba 9/1 Deserts 2/ Jordan Valley 8/1	A	Min./Max. to	m
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Yesterday's high James 1	Yesterday's bigh temperature 8 / 1	Descrits	9	"
Yesterday's high temperature a -	Yesterday's bigh tomorrows and	Jordan Valley		"
	man 4. Aqaba 14. Humidity reading	Vesterday's high	h 1999	

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN:
Dr. Mohammad Al Sawwa 732056
Dr. Abdul Hadi Tayyem 620115
Dr. Youse Sammour 615648
Dr. Ghalib Zawaidch 736011
Firas pharmacy
Ferdows pharmacy 778336
Al Asema pharmacy 637055
Nairoukh pharmacy 623672
Al Salam pharmacy 636730
Yacoub pharmacy 644945
Shmeisani pharmacy 637660
Najib pharmacy 847623
Fifth circle pharmacy
Samir pharmacy
Talal pharmacy
Ya'ish pharmacy 624425
Al Ataa' pharmacy 777712
Al Azzousi pharmacy 888681
Hisham pharmacy 77 1957
IRRID:
Dr. Mahmoud Khalü 276897
Alques pharmacy (—)

Dr. Akram Haddad Khalifeb pharman 955550 **EMERGENCIES**

Food Control Centre 637111

Civil Defence Department 661111
Civil Defence Immediate
Rescue
Civil Defence Emergency 199
Describe Edicigency
Rescue Police, 192, 621111, 637777
Fire Brigade
Blood Bank 775121
Highway Police 843402
Traffic Police
Deblie Ferman, Description (1953)
Public Security Department 630321
Hotel Complaints605800-
Price Complaint
Water and Sewerage
Complaints 897467
A Marking
Arruman Municipality
Complaints 787111
Telephone Information [Idirectory assistance]
Idirectory assistance) 121
Overseas Calls 010230
Central Amman Telephone
Repairs 623INI
Abdali Telephone Repulrs 661101

Jordan Television	773111
Radio Jordan	774111
Water Authority	680100
lordan Electricity Authority	8156t5
Electric Power	
Company	636381
CompanyRJ Flight Information	08-53300
Oueen Alia Intl. Airport	08-53200
HOSPITALS	•

AMMAN: Amman:
Hussein Medical Centre R13813/32
Khalidi Maternity. J. Amn ... 64/281/6
Akiich Maternity. J. Amn ... 64/2441/2
Jabal Amman Maternity 64/2362 Malhas, J. Amman Palestine, Shmeisan 664171/4 University Hospital 815845 Al-Muasher Hospital
The Islamic, Abdali
Al-Ahli, Abdali
Italian, Al-Muhajreen
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich . 667227/ 666127/3 664164/6 Army, Marka Queca Alia Hospital Amal Hospital 891611/15

ZAROA:

Zarga Govt, Hospital

IRBID: Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 ton Al Nafees Hospital.... (02)247100 AOABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)3t4tt1

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Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where is should always be verified.

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) Lamaca (RJ) Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) Jeddah, Aqaba (RJ) Doha, Bahrain (RJ)

APPIVALS

17:00	New York, Amsterdam (RJ
£7:30	Brussels, Paris (R
17:35	London f	R
t8:00	Madrid Geneva (R
18:30	Athens t	RI
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DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

(Terminal 1) ... Beirut (RJ) Frankfurt (RI) Rome, Vienna (RI) mis, Casablanca (RI) t1:90 11:30 Athens (RJ) Amsterdam, New York (RJ t2:15 20:30 20:45 Cairo (RJ) 22:00 -2:15 12:30

MARKET PRICES 700 / 70 350 / 300 . 120 / 80 250/ 200 150/ t00 300 / 250 650 / 500 - 600 / 450 200/ 150 250 / 200 500 / 350 280 / 200 180 / 120 350/ 220 380/ 220 240/ 180

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

..... Beirut, Rome (AZ):

Cairo (MS)
Doha, Muscat (RJ)

New Delhi (RJ)

.. Senez (RJ)

Telecommunications and agriculture to be debated by Lower House

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Lower House of Parliament will Sunday discuss reports by its judiciary committee on a draft law on the Telecommunications Corporation (TCC), and the formation of a general federation of Jordanian Farmers. The proposal was presented by 63 deputies who said the federation was needed to help raise the standard of Jordanian farmers and boost their production. The House is also due to discuss the question of transformerailion ing the Telecommunications Corporation into a share holding public company and a draft law on acquiring wealth through illegal means.

The House's agricultural committee, chaired by Mohammad Alawneh, will also hold a meeting Sunday to discuss the outcome of the committee's recent tour of the southern and northern Jordan Valley regions. The committee members toured farms and prombreeding project.

:rease

ised to raise the needs and demands of farmers to Parliament. Coinciding with the visiting delegation, the Minister of Agriculture Fayez Khasawneh ended a tour of the northern Jordan Valley region where he inaugurated the premises of the Department Agriculture which cost JD 116,000 to build. He announced that the Ministry of Agriculture has created a new section to deal with agricultural insurance and that the only thing the government can do to help farmers who suffered as a result of the severe weather in the last winter is to offer them soft loans. He said that the ministry is currently conducting a feasibility study on building cold storage facilities adjacent to the tomato paste factories. The minister's

tour also included inspection

visits to the newly established fisheries in Mansbieb and a bee-

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Education minister attends Tawjihi exams

NORTH SHUNEH (Petra) — Deputy Prime Minister and Education Minister Thougan Al Hindawi inspected Saturday several Tawjihi examination halls in Deir Alla and North Shuneh districts in the Jordan Valley, Mr. Hindawi listened to inquiries and complaints by students sitting for the exam. The deputy premier said that it was important to get in touch with students to know whether questions included in the exam conformed to standards set by the ministry. "I felt during my visits to the exam halls that the students were satisfied with the level of the 'questions... although there were some remarks about some questions in certain streams of education," Mr. Hindawi said.

Nabulsi expresses total confidence in Jordanian banks

AMMAN (Petra) - Central Bank of Jordan Governor Mohammad Said Al Nabulsi stressed that the financial situation of banks in Jordan is solid, he expected confidence in them to play a pioneering role at the Arab level. Addressing directors of Arab banks and financial institute's meeting in Jordan at the Arab Institute of Bankiog Studies, Dr. Nabulsi said despite financial difficulties, Jordanian banks have improved as a result of the full confidence in the banking system in Jordan. He voiced bope that the year 1993 will constitute a starting point for a qualitative international leap for Jordanian banks. Dr. Nabulsi, who also heads the board of trustees of the Arab Institute of Banking Studies, briefed participants about the "institute's duties and its role at the national and pan-Arab levels. The institute was established in Jordan some three years ago to meet the banks and financial institutions' needs for distinguished services, mainly in the area of development of human resources.

Jordan to attend agricultural exhibition in Abu Dhabi

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan is taking part in an international agricultural fair to be opened Tuesday in Abu Dhabi. On display at the week long fair are equipment used in drip irrigation. various forms of containers and boxes for transporting fruits and vegetables, liquid fertilisers, bee honey, olives, spices, flours, vegetables and fruit. Jordan will be represented by the Agricultural Marketing Organisation (AMO) through its Director General Salem Al Lawzi who left Amman Saturday for Abu Dhabi accompanied by a number of officials. AMO officials said that the 'United Arab Emirates is considered as one of Jordan's main markets for agricultural produce.

JD 8.6m spent on roads in 1992

ZARQA (Petra) - The Public Works Department in Zarqa Governorate has spent JD 8.6 million on various road and maintenance projects in 1992, Department Director Abdullah Abu Alim said Saturday. Mr. Abu Alim said the department last year supervised maintenance work on several projects including the Amman-Zarqa highway. He said one lane was added to the highway to reduce traffic jams and accidents taking place on the road, which links two of the most populated cities in Jordan. Work on the road has cost JD 2.5 million, be said.

Voters in Al Shahabiyeh begin to register

'KARAK (Petra) - Voters in Al Shahabiyeb town in Karak started Saturday registering their names for the April municipal elections at the municipality's voters registration committee, chairman of the committee Qasem Al Saraireh said. Mr. Saraireh urged citizens in the town to register their names before Jan. 28, the deadline set for the committee to finalise the voters' lists. In the neighbouring Al Smakiyeh town, the voters registration committee had finalised its work recently. A total of 707 voters have registered their names with the committee. The municipal elections in Smakiyeh will take place March 18.

General Management Institute approves training programme

AMMAN (Petra) - The General Management Institute has approved an integrated training plan for 1993 which will benefit about 2,000 employees from the private and public sectors, Director General of the Institute Zuhair Al Kayed said. He said the plan which will be implemented as of February will include 50 training programmes in maoagement, specialised courses in administrative development, censorship and inspection, as well as auditing. Mr. Kayed said the institute gives due attention to field studies which examine the needs of all institutions. In addition, the institute follows up the effect of the training on employees who were enrolled in courses at it, he added.

Lands and Survey Department collects JD 53.163m in 1992

AMMAN (Petra) — In the past year, the Department of Lands and Survey collected JD 53.163 million in revenues compared to JD 41,755 million in 1991. Department Director Ali Gharaibeh said that the revenues of the past month alone amounted to JD 4.648 million. The revenues are collected on the registration of land and other real estate as well as selling and buying operations.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

A Exhibition entitled "Latin Countries in France" at the French Caltaral Centre.

Exhibition of watercolour paintings by Jordanian artist Salam Kanaan at Riwak Al Balka Gallery for fine arts, Al Fuheis City.

FILM

☆ Clint Eastwood's 1983 film "Sudden Impact" at 5 p.m. at the American Centre (117 min., rated 18P).



KING VISITS ARMED FORCES: His Majesty King Hussein visited Saturday the General Headquarters of the Armed Forces where he was received by Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Field Marshal Fathi Abu Taleb, the chief of staff

of the land forces, the assistants of the chairman of the joint chiefs of staff and the inspector general. King Hussein had a meeting with Mar-shal Abu Taleb and discussed with him issues of concern to the Armed Forces (Petra photo)

Italian minister due to reschedule loans

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Italian the fifth major partner of Jordan, minister of foreign affairs, Signor Émilio Colombo, will make a two-day visit to Jordan on Monday; for the first visit of an Italian foreign minister to Amman since

During his stay be will discuss with Jordanian officials bilateral ties, the role of Italy and the Enropean Community in the Middle East. The peace process will be discussed, as well as cultural, economic and commercial relations between the two countries. In 1992 Italy bas become

with a volume of trade which is around JD 100 million. An agreement was signed on December 13th, 1992 for the import-support programme (around JD 23 million in soft loans for import of Italian manufactures, semiproducts and agricultural and in-

dustrial machineries). The Italian minister and Jordan's Minister of Finance Basel Jardaneh will also sign the agree-ment for the reschedoling of the bilateral debt (soft and commercial loans), which amounts to

Jordan and Italy have strong cultural ties. About 2,500 Jordanians are presently studying in Ittalian universities and some 18,000 have been studying in Italy over the last 30 years.

Italian tourists were the first and the largest group to visit Jordan after the Gulf crisis, thanks also to the excellent bi-lateral relations in the field of archaeology. Since 1973, number of Italian archaeological missions are excavating and explor-ing Jordan in collaboration with the Department of Antiquities.

NHF exhibits Jordanian handicrafts

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordan Design and Trade Centre (JDTC) of the Noor Al-Hussein Foundation is participating in three ma-jor international trade shows this month: Heimetxtil Home Fur-nishings Show in Frankfurt; MIC Home Furnishings Show in Paris and International Carpet and Rog Market (ICRM) in Atlanta io the United States. The three shows run from January 8-18.

Items exhibited by the Centre in the three shows include rugs,

embroidered pillow covers, ceramics, quilts, personal accessories, and other textile products. Eleven local handicraft producer groups affiliated with the JDTC are represented in the three

Heimtextile is the world's largest home furnishings market. The exhibition of JDTC's items at this shows represents the Centre's first participation in this major international event. Last year, the Centre took part io both MIC and ICRM shows and obtained substantial purchase orders, according to JDTC sources.
The JDTC was established in

1990 as part of Noor Al Husseio Foundation's National Handicraft Development Project (NHDP) to revitalize bandicraft production in Jordan through a business-oriented approach that focuses on market expansion. JDTC offers support to 30 organizations in technical and management training, product development and marketing. Among other things, JDTC seeks to develop export markets for handicrafted Jordanian home furoishing products. The primary fited from the project's services. objective of the NHDP is to create jobs; increase income in poor communities and improve the quality of life in general. About 2000 families have bene- UN Development Fund for



JDTC was established with funding from the US Agency for loternational Development, the Canadian Government and the

"Wheo police took action,

Newspaper reports said that

They said the new violence in

Bombay, which had seen few of

the Hindu-Muslim clashes people

before last month, erupted de-

spite government pleas for the

BJP and allied nationalists to balt

Thousands of Hindus spilled

blocking traffic and apparently

trying to provoke worshipping

There are more than 100 mil-

lion Muslims in India whose 870

Women. It has also received funds from the Jordan Development Fund as well as small grants from the embassies of Australia. the United Kingdom, China and the Netherlands.

Troops rushed to riot-hit Bombay

(Continued from page 1)

past four days to 74, said Mahar- militants in northern India oo

ashtra Home Minister Babanrao Dec. 6. Police, earlier criticised for Mr. Pachpute said of the total shooting dead 172 of the 202 killings in Bombay, as many as 68 killed in Bombay last mooth, had been by stabbings. have now come under attack for a

The communal flare-up, which more cantious approach. followed countrywide religious riots last month, spread Friday to there were allegations of excesthe nearby western cities of sive use of force, and when they Ahmadabad and Baroda, where don't use force, they are criticised state television reported at least for being lax," Mr. Pachpute 19 killed as shops and houses said. were set on fire.

Indian Prime Minister P.V. communal tensions had been de-Narasimha Rao despatched his liberately kept alive by Hindu Defence Minister Sharad Pawar nationalist parties like the Bharto Bombay to help tackle the atiya Janata Party (BJP) and Shiv riots. "My first priority would be Sena. to restore normalcy and confidence among the citizens," he told reporters.

After Mr. Pawar met with Bomhay police chief Sreekant Bapat Saturday morning, officials said police had been issued shooton-sight orders to quell riots in provocative prayer meetings on curfew-bound areas.

But some police sources admitted they did not have the man- from temples out onto roads near power to tackle the mounting mosques Friday deliberately unrest. Bombay has been tense since

last month's nationwide riots in Muslims. which more than 1,100 people

The riots were triggered by the million people are 82 per cent destruction of a mosque by Hmdu Hindu.

Israel, Vatican

(Continued from page 1)

Israeli Foreign Minister Sbi-mon Peres said last October an initial step could be the exchange of personal respresentatives between the Pope and the Israeli president, a formula which is usually a prelude to full diplomatic relations.

"I imagine that the Holy See will not want an immediate exchange of ambassadors because diplomatic normalisation with Israel is a very charged issue ... a bombastic step," Rabbi Rosen

But he said he believed the intermediary period between some initial form of diplomatic relations and the exchange of full ambassadors "would not be very long at all."

Rabbi Rosen said the issues the commission was dealing with were the status of Christian religious sites in the Holy Land, the legal status of the Catholic Church, its property, schools personnel and tax position.

Diplomatic sources have said that the issue of Jerusalem which Israel declared its "united and eternal capital" in 1980 and the Palestinian question were not fundamental parts of the agreement.

The Vatican would, however, make its concern for both issues clearly known in any document it

National Aid Fund raised by JD 5m

AMMAN (Petra) — As an out-come of the National Aid Fund (NAF) increase from JD 8 million to JD 13 million, the decision has now been taken to raise the monthly aid to needy families in Jordan from JD 40 to JD 50.

The announcement was made by NAF Director General Farouk Badran who noted that the NAF. which currently offers financial aid to 22,000 families in Jordan, plans to add to the list another 1.500

NAF offers three types of assistance: One in the form of free interest loans which help families to start their own businesses, another, which provides money to a family, victim of a natural disaster like earthquakes and fires, and monthly aid which will now be JD 50 each, noted Mr. Badran.

NAF, he said, bas recruited continual basis in order to find offer a meaningful service and



Farouk Badran

Dealing with poverty in Jordan is also the task of Zakat (alms to the poor) fund which is affiliated to the Ministry of Awgaf. The Fund's Director Rashin

Shobaki said that in 1992, the teams to conduct surveys on a fund paid JD 1.15 million in that each family with more than monthly aid to 2,000 needy famipoor families in need of aid. At lies in Jordan in addition to poor ought to adopt such a practice. least JD 50 million will be restudents and the sick as well as Mrs. Bilbeisi said that the charitquired annually for the NAF to victims of the Israeli repression in able organisations which include eradicate pockets of poverty in all victims of Serbian attacks. The cater to the needs of the poor.

Zakat fund operates through 220. committees which control the task of registering needy families and distributing the assistance, Mr. Shobaki said. He expressed hope that the government and Parliament would support a Zakat law making it imperative for Muslims to pay alms to the

poor through the fund. Should the law be endorsed, up to JD 300 million would be collected to benefit the poor people of Jordan, he added. To eradicate poverty a suggestion was put forth by a leading figure in the women movement in Jordan who called on each wealthy family to adopt at least two needy families by providing them with food, clothing and other needs.

Mrs. Sanaa Bilbeisi, who works for the Ministry of Education and is a noted member of the voluntary corps in Jordan, said an income of JD 1000 a month the occupied Arah lands and the women unions are not able to



An UNRWA medical station which provides preventive and curative services at a refugee cam

UNRWA to hold regular workshops at JUST

IRBID (J.T.) — The United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) has chosen Jordan ance of the workshop, Dr. Cook protection and p University of Science and Tech- said that it brings together health nology (JUST) to hold a perma- staff to exchange experiences and nent venue for its workshops and enlighteo themselves on the training courses for health work- needs of training and services in ers employed by the agency io Palestinian refugee camps.

The announcement was made Ajlouni opened the session by by Dr. Robert Cook, UNRWA director of health at the agency's headquarters in Vienna, who addressed the opening session of a six-day workshop at JUST for doctors and health workers at the agency's medical centre in the training of health workers to promoccupied West Bank, the Gaza ote their services to the re-Strip, Jordan, Lebanon and Syria.

The workshop, on training bealth workers in the fields of epidemiology and biostatistics, is

the health field.

JUST President Dr. Kamel underlining the importance and benefits of improving primary health care services in the Palestinian refugee camps. "JUST places all its medical facilities at the disposal of UNRWA for the fugees," said Dr. Ajlouni.

According to Dr. Cook, the workshop, the first of its kind by UNRWA to be beld in the Arab epidemiology and biostatistics, is attended by 37 participants from of training workshops that will be with UNRWA and JUST.

Dr. Pappagallo, chief of health protection and promotion at UN-RWA in Vienna said that the participants are mostly senior doctors and nurses with management responsibilities in public

According to UNRWA officials, the choice of epidemiology as the main topic of the workshop munity medicine and public health needs require epidemiological skills to understand the causes of disease and to improve health services and health care. The participants, said UNRWA officials, will receive assistance and support by the department of public health of JUST and from the department of epidemiology at the Liverpool School of Trowith UNRWA and JUST.

Medical training discussed in Damascus

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan was one of 12 Arab countries which met in Damascus in the past week to discuss ways of promoting medical training in the Arab

The two day discussion covered coordination among Arab medical colleges in medical specialisations as well as medical training programmes that cater to the needs to the Arab Board for Medical Specialisations (ABMS) which organised the meeting.

Health minister Aref Bataineh who attended the deliberations on behalf of Jordan said the meeting recommended setting up a special fund for training medics in Arab countries, and to finance Arab health authorities participation in the ABMS activities and operations.

The meeting, which was attended by deans of medical discussed the question of Arab Libya, Egypt and Yemen.

countries that have failed to send in their subscriptions to the ABMS. Another issue was that of appointing doctors to those who pass the ABMS examination and meet its requirements, said Dr. Bataineh.

Countries represented at the two-day meeting included Jor-dan, Iraq, the United Arab Emirates, Bahrain, Tunisia, Saudi schools in Arab countries also Arabia, Syria, Kuwait, Lebanon,

Somalia force gets mixed review

(Continued from page 1) "In meeting Sean, every child knew that he had met someone who really loved and cared, not in any mawkish sense but in deed and in truth and with simplicity. joy and hubbling cheerfulness. said the Rev. Brian Jerstice, who had been one of Mr. Devereux's

Jan. 2 as be left his office in victim of a random shooting or

Kismavu with two Somali employees of UNICEF. A spokesman said he was shot three times, once in the back of the head. Mr. Devereux bad been out-

tortion, looting and other criminal acts by militiamen loyal to Omar Jess, the local strong man. It was not known whether he Mr. Devereux, 28, was killed was shot in retribution, or was the

spoken about the corruption, ex-

some unknown dispute. "Looking at Sean Devereux we see a totally generous life crowned by a heroic death. God. did indeed live deep inside him, with no show or fuss," Rev. Jerstice told several hundred people who crowded St. Swithun's

Roman Catholic Church. The coffin was draped in the UNICEF flag as it was driven away for a private burial.

Shetlanders block new oil leak

(Continued from page 1)

the Braer is gradually parting from the cargo tank area, according to George Sutherland, director of marine operations in the islands. Two or three of the 15 advertising campaign. cargo tank lids have also been

will enter the marine food chain. stamped on it.

in the tanks

Benetton condemned

British wildlife groups condemned clothing maker Benetton disaster as the theme of a new

Benetton, which has provoked blown off after pressure built up international outrage by using controversial subjects to promote The slick varies in thickness on its products, took out a full-page the surface but is between one advert in a British newspaper and three kilometres wide. Most Saturday showing a black-andof the oil has been dispersed by white photograph of an oilwind chemicals to below the sur-drenched bird with the words face, where Greenpeace fears it "Shetland Islands January 1993"

"This is a perfect example of another tasteless Benetton advertisement," World Wide Fund for Nature's marine conservation officer Sian Pullen told reporters.

"I am appalled that they are exploiting a serious environmental disaster to try to increase their sales," Mr. Pullen said.

Hundreds of blackened birds have been collected on the southern shores of the largest of the Shetland Islands.

"Environmentalists described Benetton's advert as a "cynical exploitation" of the oil slick tragedy.

By Dr. Fahed Al Fanck

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If not now, when?

THE INTERNATIONAL military intervention in Somalia spearheaded by the United States marked 30 days yesterday with a noticeable improvement in the distribution of food to the starving millions. But two questions remain unanswered: With American officials predicting the beginning of the withdrawal of U.S. forces from the country as early as next week, is the United Nations capable of assuming the lead in the military operations that have become an inevitable part of any effort to feed the Somalis?

And what will be the fate of the small units of other countries which have joined the international effort after the Americans

By definition, small units of 200 of 300 soldiers cannot survive on their own let alone perform the difficult task in Somalia without an overall coordinating unit equipped not only with communications but massive firepower in reserve. Can or will the Americans leave their non-American colleagues behind to the mercy of the killers and bandits who obey nothing but the

The anarchy that continues to prevail in the countryside and the wanton violence there are clear reminders of the fate that awaits Somalia if the Americans do a half-baked job.

It was indeed heartening to note that the U.S. commanders in Somalia acted with decisiveness and a firm hand last week to take over several bases of the various warlords who led their country to unprecedented disaster through the barrels of their guns. But the sad reality remains that tens of thousands of guns remain underground in the hands of irresponsible groups and individuals who would easily reimpose their reign of terror on the streets the moment the Americans turn the corner.

Granted the total disarming of nomads who have for centuries carried weapons for self-defence is a difficult and perhaps illogical task, particularly in the unique situation in Somalia where clan rivalry remains very much a way of life and death. Granted also that there could be no effective means to block the flow of arms to Somalia from the remnants of the army of the ousted Ethiopian regime based near the border; nor is 💵 a feasible task to ensure that every weapon that could pose a potential threat is seized or neutralised.

On the other hand, the call issued last week by the 11 main Somali factions for a concerted effort to alleviate if not totally eliminate the threat of weapons reappearing in Somali streets is an indicator of the awareness of the Somali community at large of the threat that lurks below the surface. The call is Indeed a clear starter if only because those 11 groups represent the bulk of the Somali community. The clan and factional leaders can easily ensure the success to a large extent of any disarming of Somalis.

Having come this far, it would be ironic for the American not to push ahead with eliminating the very reason that brought the international military intervention in Somalia. The threat is very real that the country could easily take a new plunge to the abyss of chaos and terror and il looks very unreasonable that the international community might be able to come together again and relaunch a new initiative in Somalia.

The truth today is that Somalia and its people need a determined force backed by enough firepower and logistics to ensure not only the continuity of relief efforts but also the restoration of some semblance of law and order in the country. Who can fit the bill other than the United States, which is

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

THE AMERICAN escalation of the Iraqi missiles question seems to be aimed at paving the ground for a new aggression on Iraq in the last days of George Bush as president in the White House, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily. Events of the last few days, said the paper, clearly indicate that Washington and its allies have a premeditated plan ready to apply on Iraq, given the opportune moment. It is needless to say that a fresh aggression on an Arab country at this moment is bound to open the door wide for a new cycle of violence in the region, added the paper. It also said that Washington's escalation of tension at this moment seems to be aimed at diverting world public attention from the Israeli crime of exiling more than 400 Palestinians from their homeland and finding a way to save the Rabin government from the world community's condemnation of the expulsion order. The paper said that hy launching a new attack on Itaq, Washington aims at forcing the Arabs to go to the negotiation table in Washington under humiliation and succumbing to the Isracli-U.S. alliance's wishes and desires. The paper noted the Arah countries' silence vis-a-vis the looming danger and said this is to be regretted. The threats directed at the Arab country and Arab people, said the paper, should encourage the Arab leaders to embark on collective measures designed to revive their solidarity rather than take a deep slumber. The paper said that the threat to Iraq is detrimental to the whole Arab Nation's future.

AL DUSTOUR said that the American and western alliance's dangerous escalation of tension in the Gulf and the threats to the Iraqi leadership constitute one more link in the long series of acts of aggression against the Iraqi people. The western alliance's demand that Iraq pull out the missiles it had deployed on its territory is a new western attempt at stripping Iraq of its sovereignty, leaving the country open for sabotage activity, said the paper. Iraq has shown absolute commitment to the U.N. Security Council resolutions and has respected all the terms of the ceasefire. allowing the U.N. inspection teams to search and destroy its weapons, added the daily. But now, as the Iragis want to reestablish sovereignty over their own land they are confronted by a new act of aggression and new threats against their natioal pride, the paper added. It said that while Iraq continues to suffer from the sanctions, and as its people endure poverty and siekness, the elements of evil are once again trying to impose tragedies and more sufferings on the Iraqis. The paper strongly condemned the western alliance's continued attempts to launch aggression on the Sunday's Economic Pulse

How the budget passed the Parliament

In most democratic countries, the annual hudget is normally examined and checked in detail by the finance committee. The committee would ask for information and explanations and call on experts to testify in a public hearing. Once the budget passes the specialised committee, its approval by the full parliament is taken for granted, and does not take much time, especially when all political parties are represented in the finance committee.

This is not the case in Jordan. The Parliament does not take the findings and recommendations of its specialised committees seriously. It prefers to go back to square one. Not only in budget matters, but also in all other laws which attract the attention of the public and the media.

It is neither reasonable nor acceptable to see the full members of the Cabinet and the Parliament spend four full days listening to lengthy speeches discussing the budget, without requiring the government to change a figure or a comma in the hudget itself. The sole purpose is to make a speech and say anything — a show

It is of course understood and appreciated that members of Parliament are not necessarily experts in public finance. The bulk of their comments and evaluations were similar to any comments that may be offered by laymen who do not comprehend the concept of the budget in its entirety or understand its social dimensions, its role in directing and influencing the economy, the interrelationships among its various indicators or the side-effects of any alteration in its figures that may take place to answer

What is not understood is to find someone who insists on making a long speech, which does not say anything. No one can give something he himself does not have.

Some parliamentary blocs decided to make one speech representing the views of all its members, to find that those members insisted later on making additional individual speeches for the sole purpose of proving that they are there, and for their pictures to appear on the TV screen that evening and in the local press the next morning. If the TV or the press ignore the nonsense, the MPs would imagine a black-out plot against their distinguished

We are saddened to see an extremely low caliber in dealing with hudgetary affairs. Of course we cannot comment on each speech because the only appropriate type of writing would be sarcastic or bumorous, an art which we may not master. A cynical observer suggested to the Jordan TV to air the full texts of speeches, which are close to sixty, but then withdrew his suggestion because he realised that such a step would only hurt the speakers while helping the Israeli TV attract JTV viewers. The Jordanian press, however, did publish the full texts as a written evidence that most of our representatives in Parliament have very little, if anything, to contribute to the budget and financial policy of the country.

The performance of the Parliament was supposed to improve year after year. Unfortunately, the level of discussions of the 1993 budget was not any better than the discussions of the 1990 budget. On the contrary, we see a decline in the quality of the discussions

and a sharp drop in the Finance Committee report.

The distance between the Parliament and the Ministry of Finance is becoming too wide. However, the Parliament, as an institution, is still very important. First, because it gives the needed legitimacy to a rational financial document, and second, because the Parliament may indirectly influence the budget during the preparation stages, before it is ready for discussion and approval by the Parliament. The fact that the hudget is exposed to open discussion and scrutiny is indeed useful.

Ad hoc salvage work won't make for world law and order

By Chester A. Crocker



WASHINGTON - My last encounter with Mohammad Siad Barre was a troubling experience. Before I could introduce my agenda, the Somali grumbled; "I have lost confidence in my peo-ple." Such was the logic of Africa's presidents-for-life. Mr. Siad Barre complained ab-

him by the American amhassador in Mogadishu: to reconcile with Ethiopia, to release political prisoners, to support market reforms and to observe huma: rights standards, "Somalis are not like Americans," he added. "We have no tradition of democracy and loyal opposition." Besides, he concluded, "I'm not Abe Lin-

Before abandoning Mogadisbu in early 1991, Mr. Siad Barre had managed to lay waste to Hargeisa, the capital of the north, scuttle hard-won economic teforms and lose the confidence and support of virtually all fore-ign partners and all Somalis beyond his own Marehan subclan. Rival clan leaders filled the vacuum and promptly fell out among themselves. The north (former British Somaliland) broke away, and much of the rest that special kind of hell that happens when ordinary civilian society is allowed to become the plaything of men and boys with

The decision by President George Bush (with the evident support of President-elect Bill Clinton) to mount a major humanitarian intervention in Somalia represents a dramatic departure in shaping the transitional world system. It also raises scores of questions about: America's exit strategy; the United Nations capability to fill in behind U.S. forces; the precedents being set and how to define limiting criteria for other cases; and why it fell to America, once again, to act.

There are good answers to most of these questions. We need first, however, to

understand why regional disorder in Somalia and elsewhere is flourishing and why U.S. leadership in these revolutionary times is vital to American national interests.

The short answer is that historic changes since 1989 have profoundly destabilised the previously existing order witbout replacng it with any recognisable or legitimate system. New vacuums are setting off new conflicts. Old problems are being solved, beget-ting new ones. The result of this process is a global law-and-order deficit that is straining the capacity of existing and emerging security institutions.

It is no coincidence that the United Nations is facing unprecedented demands to deploy peacekeepers, ceasefire observers, election monitors and even civilian administrators. New operations sprout like springtime

These demands are in part the result of peace accords that created fresh challenges of implementation and enforcement (as in Mozamhique, El Salvador and Cambodia). The demands also stem from the disintegration of governments, states or empires that no longer enjoy the legitimacy and domestic or external support to survive (former Yugoslavia, Somalia, Iraq).

Whether these new "demands" are viewed as good or had news is not the point. The point is that there is a global law-and-order deficit - and America doesn't like to talk about it. Instead it preaches to the rest of the world the post-cold war litany of U.S. goals and hopes: democracy and human rights, free markets and peaceful settlement of disputes. This sermon is fine as far as it goes, but is an inadequate answer to our era of change.

Democracy and free markets are not capable of being "ex-

ported" hy Voice of America broadcasts or "taught" through exchanges of scholars. They can-not be imposed by isolation and sanctions. It is time to get the sequence right: A minimum level of order is a precondition to achieving any of these goals.

By that I do not mean to

advocate autocratic rule or police states; nor do I mean a global regime of military intervention wherever outsiders conclude that unruly locals are misbehaving. But the world does need to address the mounting lack of consensus on hasic norms of global political life combined with the shortage of legitimate institutions for handling the resulting security

It needs to remedy the scarcity of means for "enforcing" whatever solutions may be agreed upon. Not since the Napoleonie upheavals (if not the Peace of Westphalia in 1648) have the rights of states, people and governments been so unclear.

In what circumstances are territorial borders to be considered sacrosanct and who will deter-mine the answer? When do "identity groups" (peoples or ethnic fragments) bave the right of secession, autonomy or independence? What "sovereign" rights, if any, do governments bave to prevent outsiders from telling them how to treat their people, their economies and their

And what about the rights of outsiders to come to the aid of peoples victimised by the actions or inactions of local governments or to create the functional equivalent of government where, George Bush and, soon, Bill Clinton are taking America through uncharted waters - an experience full of creative potential hut also replete with danger.

Every age, including the cold war era, has developed answers to the questions of law and order. Periods of imperial expansion or collapse are the least stable and the most prone to violence. When the European maritime empires collapsed in the 15 years after World War II, the destabilising impact of this monumental event was somewhat buffered by the emergence of global bipolarity and the gradual assertion by Washington of a worldwide con-

tainment doctrine. That is all gone. Not only does e West face a vast, newly decelonised zone from Tajikistan to Slovenia, but it is also witnessing mounting challenges to law and order across previously decolonised Africa, Asia and the Middle

Superpower disengagement from cold war stakes has removed a vital element of coherence. Old taboos about offending friends

and partners in the developing African Unity nor the Europeans world, all part-of-the cold war. (who ruled the place until 30 dating game; are gone. In addition after the breakup of Yugos to sale the Somalis from them lavia and the USSR (and soon Ethiopia), we are becoming rather casual towards the dismembering of states.

We in the post-industrial north are encouraging an across-the-board challenge to the political and territorial status quo. Western activists are outdoing

each other in a rush to define bilateral relationships in terms of favourite causes - environmental protection, human rights, free elections, market reforms. The World Bank now insists on greater "aecountability," thereby threatening scores of incumbent elites. Non-governmental organisations are busy networking with local activists and gov-ernmental opponents across what we used to call the Third World, emboldening new political forces. The western media intrude into the agonies and conflicts of societies that would previously

have excluded them. Most of these western causes are good ones, but pursuit of them is destabilising if not subverting the existing arrangements of the world around us. It will not do to organise high-level meetings at which stern measures are adopted - which are then not enforced. It is not enough to arrange negotiated settlements of bloody conflicts and then not insist upon their implementation. It is time for some candour about the law-and-order deficit that the West has belped to cre-

Similarly, the decolonised world is facing an onslaught of often contraditory western demands and conditions. Yet we have no way to control the political consequences of our demands. Is it a victory for western statesmanship if the pressure for democratisation opens the door to Islamic fundamentalism or to the rampant ethnic renaissance that is spreading across the former Soviet empire? Is it a plus if western disengagement from ramshackle tyrannies so weakens the local economy that young people see emigrating or living by the gun as their most promising career opportunities?

Western economic demands on other nations threaten fragile experiments in political democratisation. Yet our political demands risk undercatting painful economic liberalisation programmes in such places as Egypt. Russia or Zambia.

Yes, it is becoming easier to blow away Third World tyrants like Mr. Stad Barre, but there is no assurance that something better will replace them. Neither the United Nations nor the Arah *League nor the Organisation of Post.

alliance to do exactly that within the context of a hroad U.N. mandate. His action sends a signal of human solidarity with a cold war orphan for whom America accepts a measure of responsihility. It means that we Americans are coming dimly to recognise our interests in the world's bad neighbourhoods.

By changing the halance of power between helpless civilians and lawless armed gangs, the Somali intervention creates a window for the peacemakers and for the Somalis to build themselves a new political system. The intervention demonstrates that, far from becoming a geopolitical dinosaur, the United States is uniquely placed to point the way towards a better world order.

The president has been justifiahly uneasy about the destabilisation of the international political system. Now, with Somalia, he bas created the precedent for global action to save civilians in zones of mayhem and to create the space for political solutions during civil conflict.

But if America is to expand the zone of law and order around the globe, the next president will need to move fast to capitalise on its global position and strengthen international security. The lawand-order deficit cannot be eliminated by relying solely on ad hoc, unilateral American actions, no matter how forceful the deci-

sions or masterful the execution. The world needs some internationally agreed-upon rules and criteria, as well as dedicated mechanisms, for planning and conducting the internationally sanctioned uses of force. The past few years have made a muddle of the international legal system; it, too, needs work. Dispute resolution mechanisms proliferate, but they tend not to be used or linked to implementation/enforcement procedures. Regional bodies and the United Nations need the tools and rules to cope with new assignments as well as classic peacekeeping missions.

America does not want endless tests of its readiness to lead while other experienced powers evade responsibility. It does not want to become a ripe target for a func-backlash (both domestic and foreign) against U.S. leadership. American military strength and diplomatic creativity are simply too important to afford such setbacks during the prolonged transition to a more orderly, democratic and prosperous community of nations — The Washington

LETTERS

Thank you, people of Jordan

To the Editor:

I have just returned after a visit to Jordan. I would like to express my gratitude and thanks to all the people of the country collectively who without exception were kind, generous and helpful towards me. A stranger in any land is apprehensive about his/her reception especially without benefit of the native language. I was never made to feel an intruder, or a nuisance but was warmly welcomed by everyone I met. Ordinary people went out of their way to escort me to my destinations, to facilitate my requests and to offer me small gifts.

Jordan is not a rich country and the people are not as wealthy as other Arab states, and yet as a more prosperous western I was never asked to pay more than that which was necessary and I was on many occasions given goods and services without charge.

It seems as if Jordanians have retained values and priorities that we in the West have long lost, where children and family members are precious and loyalties strong, where one may leave his husiness or shop unattended in the middle of the day (without fear of vandals or burglars) to go to meet with his God on more important matters.

It was not possible to express my thanks to each individual personally, but I was very deeply touched by my experiences and hope that everyone who reads this and remembers me will accept my warmest thanks for making my stay so pleasant.

Congratulations to His Majesty the King who must be an extraordinary man, clearly anyone who can have bis whole country sing his praises incessantly with such genuine love and action in this be special. I sill base Hashemi, Hashemi ringing in my cars and was moved enough to sing it along with the others on

Finally, thanks to all at Mut'ah University, the students and staff who invited me into their homes and shared whatever they had with me. A special thank you to the officers of the army whose politeness and kindness did not go unnoticed. Thank you Jordan.

I have brought back to Scotland an image that will last forever, an image created by a simple and loving people.

> June Maxwell, The Language Centre, University of Glasgow, Scotland.

What's in a name

The following letter appeared in The Guardian newspaper of

In Fehruary 1989 you published my open letter to the Israeli ambassador expressing my despair as a Jew after reading "Eyeless in Gaza". Dr. Swee Ang's account of her work amongst persecuted Palestinians. I ended that letter by asking whether I could go on calling myself a Jew. Now, after the hrutal extinction of recent hopes that Israel was at last seeking to restore our ancestors' good name, my feelings are bitter indeed. But I will not renounce my Jewish blood. What I must do is denounce the Israeli government's claim to call themselves Jews. So, too, must go the claim to Jewishness of those 91 per cent of Israelis who apparently applaud these evil leaders.

Since World War II we have read endless sickening accounts of Nazi bestialities during the Holocaust against our forebears. members even of our own families. Knowing this, how can these pretend Jews round up 415 oppressed people, select them without trial on the whims of secret policemen, transport them to a freezing wasteland, shoot at them if they move and even prevent them receiving food or medicine from others more humane than

Perhaps all that can be said in mitigation for these evildoers is to note the parallel between them and the well-researched child-abuser syndrome, namely that abusers are often found to have been victims of abuse themselves. Undentably, many Israeli Jews were themselves victims of atrocities. But it is surely time their leaders looked beyond their own past suffering. They must face the fact that the evils they are perpetrating will not give us the security we long for; on the contrary, they breed new waves and generations of hatred which will hreak one day upon their own children and upon mine.

If they don't care about their children, they have forfeited the right to call themselves Jews. We have enough antisemitic prejudice to face, without this gang of outlaws doing their best to give us all a bad name.

> Stanley Walinets, Mickleton, Co Durham.

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused

With no guarantees, everyday ways to beat the blues

NEW YORK — In a foul mood? Try comparing yourself with somone worse off, or giving yourself a treat. Those are among the more successful tactics emerging from research on the methods people use to shake off gloom, anxiety and anger.

The ability to get out of foul moods is a mark of mental wellbeing. But new studies show that people differ greatly at making themselves feel better, with many habitually turning to tactics that

Three days of bad moods out of I0 is about average, according to recent findings, with just 2 per cent of people in cheerful moods nearly every day and about 5 per cent having bad moods on four of

Psychologists hope the research on everyday moods will pay off in more effective methods for people whose inability to shake bad moods makes them susceptible to chronic mild de-pression, nearly continuous tension or bonts of rage.

in

Some people just aren't very adept at getting out of bad moods," said Roy Baumeister, a psychologist at Case Western Reserve University in Cleveland who bas done mood research. They tend to keep on using techniques that don't work all

People say they have more ways to escape sadness and seem to have more success doing so than they do for anger, which seems the hardest mood to shake, according to the findings of Diane Tice, a Case Western psycholog-

La research with more than 400 men and women from 16 to 75, Professor Tice studied the many stratagems people use to get out of bad moods and how successful

"About 5 per cent of people say they never try to change their moods on the grounds that emotions are natural and should be experienced no matter how unpleasant," sbe said, "And some people, like bill collectors, reported purposely setting out to make themselves grouchy in

order to be hetter at their jobs." The single most popular way to sbake sadness, ber research showed, is to turn to the company of others. "But it doesn't work if you just get together and talk about what's getting you down, she said. "It's far better to focus

on something else." Exercise is another common antidote. "Depression is a low arousal state," Professor Tice said, "and exercise increases your arousal level." Several studies with mildly depressed men and women have shown that beginning regular aerobic exercise can lift the depression.

But exercise has its limits as a mood lifter. A psychologist at the University of Michigan, Randy arson, working with a Hope College researcher, Margaret Kasimatis, found that for people who do aerobic exercise daily, there is little effect on mood.

People who work out the most, who are aerobically fit already, don't get into better moods when they exercise, but they do get irritable and cranky on days they don't exercise Professor Larsen said. "It's sedentary people who get the biggest boost in mood when they

Sensual pleasures offer another antidote for depression. "Taking a hot bath is a way many people soothe themselves when depressed, as is making love or listening to some favourite piece of music." Professor Tice said. But eating doesn't work so well, she added. In a study of 120 college students, she found food preferred by about three times as many women as men.

Drinking and drug-taking, which also backfire as mood elevators, are preferred by five times as many men as women. "Drinking or drugs lift a bad mood in the short term, but later people often report feeling worse than be-

fore," Professor Larsen said. In his research 60 men and women filled out reports twice a day on their moods and what they had done to change them.

Mental manoeuvres sometimes

work. Among them, Professor Larsen found, are reminding oneself of successes, resolving to do better, thinking of people who are worse off and indulging in a

Perhaps most effective is trying to change whatever is causing the had mood.

Engineering an easy success can help. "A small challenge you can work hard at and take pleasure in accomplishing — especially something you've been wanting to get to - usually lifts a bad mood," Professor Tice said. "Housebold chores like fixing up the kids' room or cleaning your desk work well." She added that buying yourself a gift was often effective.

Distractious are also appealing. but Professor Larsen found that losing oneself in television. movies or magazines offered only sbort-terms mood change. Although not always effective, such distractions were one of the most common ways by which people sought to sbake bad

Other common tactics backfire or work poorly. Socialising, for instance, brought a short-term gain, but left people in a bad mood afterward, Professor Larsen found. "Socialising may work best to change moods for extroverts, who are able to keep np a constant round of company," he said.

"Being with other people works better to change your mood if you're anery than if you're depressed," Professor Tice said. "One mistake people sometimes make is to use company to talk about what's gotten them depressed, which does not lift the bad mood,"

Being alone, she found, can reinforce sadness. "Depressed

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people tend to say, 'Leave me alone, I'm in a bad mood, but that just doesn't help them at

Only a few methods seemed to work well for anger, she added. One is being alone. But 10 per cent of the men in her study said they liked to get into their cars and go for a drive when they were

"It's made me a more defensive driver, realising how many drivers out there are boiling mad," she said. More efffective, and safer, is going for a long walk, she added.

One of the best antidotes for anger, Professor Tice found, is seeing the situation from the other person's point of view, and imagining why that person might bave done whatever provoked

"Catharsis — taking out your anger on the person you're mad at — doesn't lift the anger," she said. "It's better if you cool down first, and then confront the per-

For alleviating anxiety, relaxation and distraction work well. the Tice data showed, as does talking over worries with someone else.

Lending a helping hand to someone in need is one of the most successful ways to change a bad mood, but one of the least used, Professor Tice found. "One woman wbo was deeply depress-ed after breaking up with her boyfriend started volunteering with kids at a homeless shelter, and she shook the depression."

Another relatively rare, but apparently effective, method for some people is risk-taking. "Buying a lottery ticket can sometimes work," she said, as can engaging in a mildly danger-ous sport — New York Times.

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Case for a 'closed' universe?

Satellite uncovers possible proof of theory

By John Noble Wilford

PHOENIX, Arizona — An X-ray astronomy satellite has discovered the first strong evidence Ihal the universe may not expand forever, but someday could be brought to a halt by its own mass.

There is not enough visible matter to hall the observed expansion of the universe. The Big Bang theory of the universe's formation predicts that most of its matter should be in invisible form, but so far astronomers have failed to turn up evidence for anything like as much "dark" matter as the theory requires. After the results reported Monday, however, at least one part of the universe has as much dark matter as predicted, and astronomers can now hope to find

Success would mean the universe is not open, meaning destined to expand forever, but closed. In a closed universe, the gravitational force of its matter is

enough to match or exceed the outward force of its expansion. The observations, reported at a meeting of the American Astronomical Society, supported theories that most of the universe is composed of invisible material of an unknown kind. Analysis of the data indicated that the mass of that "dark matter" might be as much as 25 times greater than that of ordinary matter, the elemental stuff of visible stars,

planets and people. One of the astronomers who made the discovery, Richard F. Mushotzky of the National Aeronautic and Space Administration's Goddard Space Flight Centre in Greenbelt, Maryland, said, 'It's the first time there is evidence of enough dark matter to support the idea that the universe s closed.

Jack Burnes, a cosmologist at New Mexico State University in Las Cruces, said the discovery

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was "very important and fun-damental." Like the discoverers themselves, he cautioned that more observations would have to be made to determine whether the findings were typical of conditions throughout the universe.

Cosmologists have contemplated two alternatives to a closed universe. If there turns out to be much less mass, the universe might be open and keep on expanding, diminishing into infinity; or with considerably more mass, the universe might be dragged to a hall and then collapse, in what is described as the Big

For years, scientists have postulated the existence of dark matter. Its presence has been deduced from the relative amounts of light elements and isotopes produced by the Big Bang and from the movements of galaxies vitational forces of considerably. more mass than could be seen. Besides, the leading versions of Big Bang theory, to be correct, require trhat 90 to 95 per cent of the cosmic mass must be in the 'dark'' form.

The Roentgen Salellite, called Rosat and operated by Britain, Germany and the United States. did not observe dark matter, which by its nature does not emit detectable radiations. The presence of the matter was inferred from what the sciennist did see in X-ray pictures from the satellite.

The pictures of the three galaxies of the NGC 2300 group revealed an immense cloud of hot gas amid them.

'A cloud like this would have dissipated into space long ago, leaving nothing for us to detect, unless it was held together by the

Mushotzky said. "The mass required to restrain the cloud is 12 to 25 times greater than the mass present.

of the three galaxies that are In previous observations, mainly of much larger galactic clusters, the detected ratio of dark matter to visible matter was no more than 2 or 3 to 1 -- hardly

the universe. The question, then, is how typical is the mass of dark matter inferred to in a small group of galaxies like NGC 2300?

enough, if widespread, to close

If this group of galaxies is not typical, said David Burstein of Arizona State University, another member of the discovery team, "We've opened up a different Pandora's box and we'll have to understand what makes this difference" — The New York

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Tension eases in Irag stand-off:

Mr. Hamdoun sald in a U.S. television interview. There was no mention in Baghdad newspapers or radio of the

U.S. statements that Iraq was

moving its missiles. A banner headline in Babel, aper of President Sag dam's son Uday, said that, "Even if death is inevitable, it would be a disgrace to be a coward." Iraq repeated Saturday its in-

sistence that if U.N. weapons inspectors want to fly in and out of the country they should charter Iraqi aircraft.

Baghdad banned U.N. planes on Thursday and the Security Council has warned of unspecified serious consequences unless the order is rescinded.

INA said Foreign Minister

Mic

1. 1. 1.

Iragis and other foreigners could

Security Council Resolution 687. Raising the subject of how U.N. (inspection) teams are transported does not mean obstructing their tasks," Mr. Sahaf said. Iraq's civilian fleet has been

In his earlier remarks on the missiles, Mr. Sahaf said, "the situation was fabricated by the U.S. administration for the crea-

Iraq since before the Gulf war. Mr. Sahaf said the United

Mr. Sahaf said the United States was trying to deprive Iraq of "practising its legitimate right for sovereignty and for the defence of its national integrity."

U.S. President-elect Bill Clinton said Iraq had "gotten a reprieve," but it would be a "serious misreading" for Iraq to think that "just because President Buch has a week left in office that

"Iraq is fully committed to

grounded since the 'Gulf war when the planes were flown to neighbouring countries for safety.

tion of a crisis with Iraq" because its missiles had been in southern

Sahaf had told the cabinet it was "unreasonable, even inhuman" for the U.N. officials to fly while Busb has a week left in office that either be or I would somehow be deterred from doing what's right

Israel says U.S. would veto sanctions

(Continued from page 1)

16, expelled by Israel from Hebron mistakenly. Mr. Ben-Ami se. he Red

Cross had requested permission for the evacuations while its delegates were assessing the condition of the evictees at the camp. He said Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin had approved the

Israeli military doctors in-spected Mr. Labbadah in Naqgura and allowed him to be taken to hospital in Marjayoun in israel's self-declared Lebanese "security zone," a security source

Mr. Ben-Ami emphasised that it was a one-time gesture. Until Saturday Israel had not allowed access to the evictees through its

Mr. Ben-Ami said Siyuri was to return Saturday night to his home in Hebron.

Israel announced last month that the 10 Palestinians mistakenly expelled could return but not through the Israeli-controlled Zentraya junction. Lebanon refused to allow them to leave the tent camp to get to crossing points under its control.

The Israeli defence ministry said most of the 10 faced impriscament upon their return.

Lebanon said Saturday it would ask for an Arab summit to discuss the Israeli expulsion at an Arab foreign ministers meeting in Cairo next week.

Foreign Minister Faris Bouez said he would also propose on the Arab League meeting Monday to ask the United Nations for a mechanism and a timetable for the implementation of Security Council Resolution 799. Resolution 799 condemns

Israel over the expulsions and demand it to take them back immediately. Mr. Bouez told the Voice of Lebanon radio that an Arab sum-

mit would give Arab demands Israel take back the evictees "more effectiveness."

A leading Tunisian newspaper said Friday that Israel is willing to accept a wider Palestinian delegation to the Middle East peace talks as a way to get the negotia-

tions going again.

The U.S.-backed talks were suspended last month until after President-elect Bill Clinton is inaugurated Jan. 20. But Palestinians have said they may boycoft future sessions in solidarity with the expelled Palestinians.

The government-run Al Sahafa newspaper quoted unnamed Palestinian in the bilateral negotiations by Palestinians from outside the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

been limited to the occupied ter-The newspaper said the prop-

styles of China. Prepared by our Chinese chefs The delegates in the past have Open daily for lunch & dinner Take away services Jabai Al Hussein osal was carried to the Palestine CHINA Liberation Organisation (PLO) Ministry of Trade HOUSE by Western intermediaries. It was Restaurant not known if the PLO agreed.













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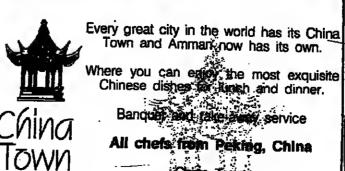
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SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF

Honda announces indy programme

DETROIT (AP) - Honda expects to become part of the Indycar Series in 1994, but the question remains: with what learns? The announcement by American Honda Motor Co., Inc., in Detroit, said only that Honda has established a new subsidiary company, Honda Performance Development, Inc., to supply engines for a "flagship" Indycar team. It said testing will this year, with competition on the full Indycar Circuit starting in 1994.

Van Almsick dominates Swimming World

BEIJING (R) — Germany swimming Prodigy Franziska Van Almsick broke her second world record in four days and her third in two months Saturday, with a stunning victory in a world 200 metres freestyle short-course event. Her time of one minute 55.84 knocked almost half a second off the previous record held for 10 years by Birgit Meineke of the former East Germany. Three days Van Almsick broke the 100 metres freestyle world record at the first leg of the World Cup series, held in Smanghai, and last November she overturned the 50 metres record at Schwaebisch Gmuend in Germany.

Bergstrom, Kulti advance

ADELAIDE (AP) — Christian Bergstrom and Nicklas Kulti took care of the remaining seeds at the South Australian Opeo Tennis Tournament, ensuring that Sweden will be represented in Sunday's final. Bergstrom defeated fourth-seeded Cedric Pioline of France 7-5, 7-6 (7-4) while Kulti downed third-seeded Alexander Volkov of Russia 6-4, 1-6, 6-3 in the \$185,500

Hill wants to defend title in Paris

BISMARCK (AP) — Virgil Hill wants to defend his World Boxing Association light heavyweight title in March against no. 2-ranked Fabrice Tiozzo in Paris. But he says the deal is not yet final. The fight, which had been planned for March 6, would be 'Hill's first defence since winning back the WBA crown with a decision over Frank Tate last September. He lost the title to Thomas Hearns in 1991, "I don't know a lot about him, but I know he's a good fighter or he wouldn't be No. 2," Hill said of

Two German Swimmers banned

BONN (R) — Two German swimmers were banned from competition for six months for taking banned drugs, The German Swimming Federation (DSV) said it had imposed the ban after second tests confirmed Simone Schober and Kristina Quaisser to Aachen had taken the drugs before National Club Championships ih Hildesheim last month. The pair accepted the ban but denied knowingly taking banned substances, the DSV said.

Haas believes Mansell is extra-special

PHOENIX (R) - Carl Haas says he is rarely excited anymore by anything he sees in motor sport. But he admitted he had been stimulated this week by Nigel Mansell's test debut with the Newman-Haas Indycar team. "I felt the palms of my hands were damp and 1 knew it was extra-special," said Haas after watching the Formula One world champion blast around the Phoenix International Raceway for the first time. "He was awesome. 'People say we are on the way to lifting Indycar racing to a new level with Nigel this year. But I say he has done that already, said Haas who tracked Mansell for two years then negotiated with him. Finally, he persuaded him to sign for the team he co-owns with film actor Paul Newman.

Couples receives 2nd PGA award

CARLSBAD, California (AP) — Fred Couples still doesn't like being in the spotlight, although he is finding it hard to avoid. "I kind of know what to expect when I'm out on the tour. But when I go home, I don't think 1 ought to have anybody hugging me," Couples said before receiving an award last night as the 1992 PGA Tour Player of the Year. It marked the second consecutive time Couples' peers — the other touring pros — selected him as the outstanding player on the American Tour.

Pakistan crushed by Windies in World Series

BRISBANE (R) - World champions Pakistan were bundled out for their lowest score in one-day international cricket when they lost to the West Indies by nine wickets in a World Series Cup match at the Gabba ground Saturday. Pakistan were bundled out of the competition after scoring a miserly 71 — three runs short of their 74 against England in last year's World Cup. West Indies easily overhauled the target in 19.2 overs, losing only one wicket in the process — that of Brian Lara for 10. Desmond Haynes (25) and and Richie Richardoson (22) were the unbeaten batsmen.

GOREN BRIDGE

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

you hold. +KQ732 AQJ54 63 48 The hidding has proceeded.

South West North East

1 + Pass 3 + Pass

🌣 Foreing What do you bid now?

A.—With a minimum opening hid. facing a limited force, it's doubtful the combined assets are enough for slam. Therefore, there's no point to introducing your hearts. You've alreidy found a playable fit, so Ind.

42.2 - Neither volnerable, as South A4854 7652 93 **4**72 The holding has proceeded: North East South West

What action do you take!

·A.—After an opposing takeout double, a pump in opener's suit would be preemptive. That action. however, should be reserved for hands that contain a singleton and few defensive values. Here you should make the same response you would have had there been no dou--ble Raise to two hearts

Q.3-Both vulnerable, as South

con hold •72 QJ83 QJ62 **+**J43 l'artner opens the hidding with one club What do you respond? A.—Normally, you would show tour-card suits up-the-line. However, when your haml is so weak that you intend making only one forward-going response, it is usually right to hid the major rather than the minor, especially if the red suits are involved. Bid one heart.

Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you AKQ54 AQJ854 ◆A •6 What is your opening bid?

A.—Two-suited hands are very difficult to bid if you start with an

artificial forcing two clubs. This holding will be easier to describe if you open one diamond and reverse into hearts. If you play strong twoall means npen

Q.5 - Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: AKJ93 AJ6 49852 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass 2 NT Pass

What do you bid mow? A.—Not very pretty. To rebid three hearts would show a six-card suit, and a raise to three no trump could be catastrophic. Bidding three diamonds to pinpoint your side strength might derail the auc-tion, an that leaves only a bid of three clubs. We hate introducing such an anemic suit at the three level, but at least it draws attention in the fact we have a distributional

Q.6-Neither vulnerable, as Snuth yını hold: ₱83 ↑83 AKJ76 954 ♠AJ8
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West North

1 🕈

Pass 2 Pass What do you bid now? A .- An awkward hand. You can't raise spades, and a beart rebid would promise a six-bagger. Since bidding no trump with an unstopped suit is unappetizing, the only stratagem left is to make a temporizing bid of three clubs.

Jordan tops 20,000 point mark; Parish grabs 13,003rd rebound

CHICAGO (AP) — Michael Jor- them this time dan became the 18th player in NBA history with 20,000 points when he scored 35 Friday might in the Chicago Bulls' 120-95 rout of the Milwankee Bucks.

Jordan's 3-pointer with 5:12 left pulled the Bulls into a 110-77 lead and gave him exactly 20,000 points in his ninth year in the NBA. He was taken out 13 seconds later to a thunderous ovation from the sellout crowd in

In reaching 20,000 in 620 rames, Jordan was eclipsed only by Wilt Chamberlain, who made it in 499 games. Oscar Robertson is now third-fastest at 671 games. Jordan, whose 32.3 career average is No. 1 in NBA history, scored eight points in the final quarter when the Bulls had the game under control. His last two baskets were 3-pointers.

Celtics 102, Nets 88

Xavier McDaniel scored 24 points and Boston took advantage of New Jersey's 37 per cent shooting for its fourth straight

victory.

The Nets, missing top scorer
Drazen Petrovic because of a sprained right ankle, got 6-for-26 shooting from starting guards Kenny Anderson and Rumeal Robinson and scored 41 points in the second half. Anderson was 1

Robert Parish had 11 rebounds for Boston to become the ninth player in NBA history to pass 13,000. He now has 13,003 re-

Derriek Coleman led New Jersey with 20 points and 10 rebounds.

Lakers 93, Kings 90

James Worthy scored 12 fourth-quarter points, including the final four of the game, as Los Angeles ended Sacramento's sixgame winning streak.

The Lakers, who earlier this season lost to the Kings at the Forum for the first time in eight vears, were hard-pressed to heat

With Los Angeles ahead 91-90, Sam Perkins controlled a jump ball with five seconds remaining to wrap up the victory, outleaping Lionel Simmons.

Worthy, who scored 25 points, came down with the ball and Simmons fouled him with 1.7 seconds left. Worthy then made both free throws to seal the win.

Hawks 101, Pistons 92

Dnane Ferrell matched his career-high with 27 points and Atlanta snapped Detroit's minegame home winning streak.
Ferrell equalled his output of

Dec. 26 against Minnesota in leading the Hawks to their first win in three meetings with the

The Hawks, who lost four straight before winning at Milwaukee got 22 points and 10 rebounds from Stacey Augmon. Detroit got 27 points from Joe Dumars, and 23 from Orlando Woolridge, while Dennis Rod-man grabbed 26 rebounds.

76ers 119, Bullets 117

Ron Anderson's follow shot at the buzzer capped a 23-point performance that helped Philadelphia tally past Washington after blowing a 16-point lead.

Anderson's game-winner came

off a miss by Jeff Hornacek, who tossed up an off-balance jumper after taking the inbounds pass from under the basket with 1.6

Rookie Clarence Weatherspoon scored a season-high 24 points on 9-of-11 shooting and Armon Gilliam also had 24 for

For the Bullets, Pervis Ellison had 28 points and 14 rebounds.

Magic 95, Knicks 94

In Orlando Shaquille O'Neal had 22 points and 13 rebounds, and pressured Patrick Ewing into a miss in the final seconds of Orlando's 95-94 victory over New



Chicago Bulls' ace Michael Jordan

Ewing had 21 points and 12 rebounds. But guarded elosely by O'Neal, be missed an off-balance hook and O'Neal grahbed the rebound and dribbled to midcourt to run out the clock.

The Magie trailed 91-81 with six minutes left, but O'Neal's dunk began a 14-3 run that ended

Supersonics 98, Timberwolves 93 Derrick McKey's three-point play with 13.2 seconds to play broke a tie and helped seattle defeat Minnesota.

With the score knotted at 93-

their last 10, At 21-8, Seattle is off to its best start in 10 years. Doug west scored 23 points and Laettner 18 for the Timberwolves, who lost for the 15th time

all, McKey drove past Christian

Laettner, scored on a running

one-hander, got fouled and con-

verted the free throw. After a

missed 3-pointer by Minnesota's

Lance Blanks, Sean Kemp com-

pleted the Seattle scoring with a

for the Sonics, who have won four straight games and nine of

Ricky Pierce scored 20 points

slam dunk.

HELSINKI (AP) - Soviet ska- were joined by men's winner the way for other skaters for his tually the ability to flood the

Independent States and the Unified Team.

At the European Figure Skating Championships beginning Sunday, skaters from the same region likely will dominate but under hanners from Russia, Ukraine and other former Soviet

republics.
Last year's Soviet European Marina Klimova and Sergei Ponomarenko and pair titlists Natasha Mishkutienok and Artur Dmitriev - won the European and World crowns as members of the Commonwealth of Independent States team. The International Skating Union (ISU) flag was raised and the ISU theme was played when they received

ters won last year under encom- Viktor Peterenko, the Olympic country in future European competition. banner was hoisted in their such as the Commonwealth of our and Beethoven's ninth was played since they were on the Unified Team then.

If they were competing this year, Petrenko would be competing for Ukraine while the others would be Russians, although almost all were born outside of

All have retired from amateur competition now. In their place are more Rus-

sians, Latvians, Ukrainians, Belorussians and Lithuanians.

Some, like Russia's Maia Usova and Aleksandr Zhulin, are ready to move up the top step. They won the silver medal behind Klimova and Ponomarenko in the Europeans and Worlds.

Others, like Latvia's Konstantin Kostin, want to progress. Not At the Olympics, where they only for himself, but also to open

ISU rules allow one representative per country per event. Another is added the following year if the skaters place in the top 10. A top three finish gives a chance for three spots.

In the dance events, the Russians qualify three couples because of last year's finish 1-2-3 finish. Usova and Zhulin are ready to step up. A Russian and two Frenchmen

will be in the battle for the men's event. Alexei Urmanov of St. Petersburg, third last year, will contest in Helsinki along with France's duo of Philippe Candeloro and Erie Millot.

A top ten finish hy either Latvia, Lithuania or Belarus would hurt countries traditionally weak in dance, giving former Soviet nations more entrants and evenare relatively weak in is the

France's Snrya Bonaly, a twotime European winner, is rated as a solid favourite. After getting some coaching in the United States, she rebounded from a disastrous 11th-place finish at the World Championships last March to capture three events this win-

She has angered French skating officials because of battles between her mother and former coaches. She split with former French champion Didier Gailhaguet in a well-reported dispute following the Albertville Olympics last Fehruary.

Former world champion Alain Giletti is now her coach and co-existing peaceably for the moment with Suzanne Bonaly, Surya's mother.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY JANUARY 19, 1993

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation GENERAL TENDENCIES: ideas and methods different from those you have been using can add greatly to your stature and your financial and emotional well-being as you continue to aim for a fine standard of living.

ARIES: (March 21 tto April 19) You have the energy and the good judgement to perform whatever career, civic or credit conditions that face you so get out and show your practical capabilities.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Many new ideas are at your fingertips if you consult with those you have not previously known but who have made a big success of

GEMINE: (May 21 to June 21) Consider a more well rounded picture of your material affairs and you will have some ideas what you can best do to enhance your

MOON CHILDREN: (Jone 22 to July 21) You need to be just as calculating as the associates with whom you are dealing now so avoid sensitivity and meet them on

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Your tasks can run very smoothly and effectively today if you make a and then follow such a schedule

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Contact whatever playmates or chosen companions you wish to

engage in recreations with and make appointments to enjoy the amusements you all like.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Even when in the outside world, away from your dwelling, think of the best ways by which you

can improve conditions there and have a greater accord. SCORPIO: (October 23 tto November 21) You have both the energy and the ambition to get much done today so lose no time but get in touch with available associates and arrange things your

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Be more practical today and pul your attention as much as you can on arranging your financial and business affairs for

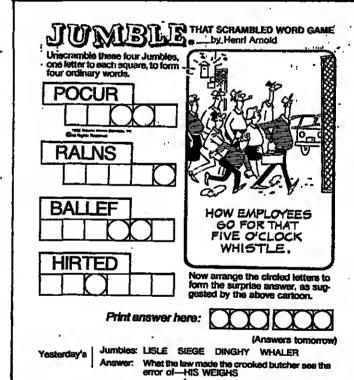
CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Your ability to build a solid foundation to your affairs is now evident in almost anything you do to express your personal

AQUARIUS: (January 21 too February 19) Forget all that wish-ful thinking and these imaginative ideas and get into the materialistic phases of your plans for your fu-

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You have older or more experienced friends than yourself who are able to show you how to be more successful in gaining your



"If we're both gonna do the housework equally, you've got to get a lot lazier!"



Peanuts

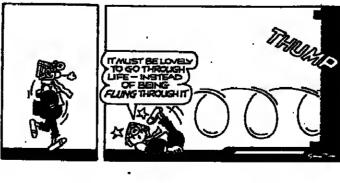






Andy Capp





Mutt'n'Jeff





Actor David Ogden 51 Beets incessantly 53 Sharp ridge 54 Beet it! 55 Pigeon place 56 Seed covering

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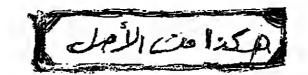
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THE Daily Crossword by Rene M. Campbell



France sees U.S. strength as a cause of trade, currency crises

PARIS (R) - The end of the cold war has laid bare the commercial rivalry of rich countries and made the United States more assertive.

French Prime Minister Pierre Beregovoy has said.

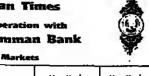
In an article in the afternoon daily Le Monde, Mr. Beregovoy said the more demanding stance of the U.S. explained in part the crisis in world trade talks and the recent turmoil in European currency

Mr. Beregovoy said the disappearance of Soviet threat gave free rein to "the economic conflicts between developed countries," and the weak world economy exacerbated commercial tensions.

"I note, without bitterness but with realism, that the American superpower is becoming demanding in the commercial field," he said, citing first the GATT trade talks as evidence.

The trade talks, held under the auspices of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), bave been bogged down by disputes on agriculture between the U.S. and European Community.

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Precious I	Metals			Date: 8,1	/93
Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm	Metal	USO/Oz	JD/Gm
Gold	329.45	6.50	Silver	3.69	.080

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rench Franc	· 0.1231	0.1237	
арапеьс Усп	0.5499	0.5526	
bulch Guilder	0.3726	0.3745	
wedish Kropa	0.0976	0.0931	
talian Lira ¹	0.0456	0.0458	
lelgian Franc	0.02035	0.02045	

Debor Currencies	Det	Mas 9/1/93
Currency	Bid	Offer
Bahraini Dinar	1,7960	1.615C
Lebanese Lira	0.036315	0.038915
Saudi Riyal	0,1832	0.1844
Kuwaiti Dinar	2.2350	2.2800
Qazari Riyat	0.1864	0.1878
Egyptian Pound	0.2000	0.2150
Omani Riyal	1,7550	1.7700
CAE Dirham	0.1864	0.1878
Greek Urachma	0.3155	0.3255
Cypriot Pound	1.4110	1.4310

Cinema

Index	30:12/92 Cles	₩ 6/1/93	Close
Ali-Share	173.97	179.52	<u> </u>
Banking Sector	196.39	129.24	
Insurance Sector	190.90	196.70	
Industry Sector	236.73	246.22	
Services Sector	246.73	252.91	

Taiwan to let foreign brokers invest in bourse

TAIPEI (R) — Taiwan, seeking to internationalise its stock market, will allow foreign brokerage nouses to invest in the bourse, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) has said.

"This will be a step towards making our stock market an international one," Huang Wu-Cheng, a SEC spokesman, said by telephone.

The central bank has approved a SEC proposal to allow inward remittances of investment funds by foreign brokerages with net assets of \$150 million. The SEC will announce this month when the brokerages can apply to enter Taiwan, he said.

The island opened its stock market to direct investment by foreign banks, insurance companies and fund management firms at the start of 1991.

Since then 35 foreign institutions bave obtained approval to bring \$1.64 billion into Taiwan. although only about \$900 million has been brought in so far, another SEC official said. Securities analysts welcomed

the SEC's move, saying it could help revive the ailing market, which plunged 27 per cent in 1992 and has continued to drop this year because of political tensions and stock scandals,

"I feel the government is speeding up its efforts to open the financial markets," said Daniel Tsiang, vice-president of International Investment Trust Corp.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT RANK DEJOH BAME POR SAVING & INVESTMENT ARAB BAMELING COMPONATION/JORDAN JORDAN HATIONAL BANK JORDAN INVESTMENT & PINANCE BANK

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The Fox And The Hound

Israeli industrialists fear peace accord could harm economy

omy agreement could harm the Ze'ev Fink, chairman of the country's industry, according to general industry sector at the manufacturers who reviewed a report showing that competition from Palestinian industry is already hurting Israeli industry.

Industrialists said an accord bringing open borders could create problems if it lacks regula-

Palestinian industry production s running at about 5 to 7% of total Israeli production, and in some industries - such as shoes, textiles. and food - the percentage reaches 10%, according to data released by the Manufacturers Association's general industry

"If during the peace talks with the Palestinians, decisions are made without the inclusion of

Manufacturers Association.

"Already 20% of the shoes

bought in Israel are made in Hebron or Nablus, and if this goes on without regulations that are enforceable, then we are in trouble," said Eli Gur, general manager of Brill Shoe Industries.

"I don't mind if shoes come to Israel from the territories, as long as the consumer knows the quality he is getting," he said.
"But he won't know unless the shoes are marked 'Made in Hebron.' This is not the case today.

Both Fink and Gur said that enforcing regulation will be one of the bardest challenges facing Israeli industries and the authordiscussions on the economic rati- ities, but they argued that if ficatins of autonomy, Israel could nothing is done, the country will easily find itself with 10,000 more suffer — The Jerusalem Post.

Turkish-Cypriots to use own electricity in 1993

ANKARA (R) — The breakaway Turkish Cypriot republic will start producing its electricity from mid-1993, when a thermal power plant being huilt by a joint venture becomes operational, officials have

The \$200 million plant at Teknecik, near Kyrenia, will supply 800 million kw-hours of electricity per year, double the area's current consumption, they said.

The Turkish Cypriots, who broke away in 1974 when Turkish troops invaded the northern third in the wake of the short-lived coup in Nicosia backed by the military junta then ruling Greece, have been importing power from the Greek side since then.

Oil regains place as Russia's top export

MOSCOW (R) - Oil has moved to the top of Russia's exportearning league, pushing natural gas back into second place, the

The newspaper's business supplement said new Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin, formerly in charge of the energy complex, was likely to preserve oil's leading role in financial strategy. The state statistics office said

last month that Russian crude oil exports in January-November 1992 totalled 58 million tonnes, equivalent to about 1.3 million barrels per day, up 14 per cent from the equivalent 1991 period.

Natural gas exports fell one per ent to 81.1 billion cubic metres. Steep oil production declines had made gas the number one export earner early last year.

Russia, once the world's leading oil producer, is now second lo Saudi Arabia. Moscow News said the figures

from the statistics office, Goskomstat, included estimates of illegal oil exports previously not taken into account.

It was not clear how illegal exports could be calculated. The newspaper said another reason for the oil export jump was a revival of command-

admioistrative trade mechanisms. Under this system, oil exports might be increased by squeezing domestic consumption or supplies to other former Soviet republics. Natural gas, on the other hand, is sold under long-term countracts not allowing for sharp adjust-

Russia relies heavily on raw material exports to repay foreign debt of about \$70 billion.

weekly Moscow News has said.

vants live.

her friend as they waited at a bus

Investment spree in Egypt seen slowing this year CAIRO (R) - Investment in watch as a barometer of the agreement for three months until

Egypt soared last year but will investment climate, has tripled its March because of delays in carslow in 1993 as investors wait for own investments in Egypt since the government to strike a new deal with the IMF and contain Muslim militant threats to tour- in equity and commercial loans to ism, foreign and Egyptian inves-

A report by the World Bank, sure in Egypt to \$101.5 million.

Ventures include iron and steel based on balance of payments statistics and research by bank officials in Egypt, forecast that direct investment flows in 1992 increased fourfold to \$1.2 billion from \$253 million in 1991.

But the country representative of the bank's commercial investment arm, the International Finance Corporation (IFC), expects investors will now wait for further progress in economic reforms agreed with the International Monetary Fund and the

The reforms include the overhaul of the public sector and revival of Cairo's dormant financial markets to ease the flow of investments.

"Entrepreneurs are hesitant to invest until they see what the roadmap is...there's a slowdown in investor confidence," the IFC's John Stewart told Reuters.

The IFC, which investors often

the reforms began last year.
It has committed \$63.3 million

private sector projects in the last two years, taking its lotal expo-

manufacturing, paper production, a plant making refrigerators adapted for hot weather, food and agroindustry, tourism and financial services.

Mr. Stewart said the 1FC was currently looking at oil and gas projects and more ventures in tourism but had not committed

Last year, economists predicted 20 per cent annual growth in the \$3 billion a year industry over the next few years, with up to \$1 billion invested in developing new areas on the Red Sea.

But a wave of Muslim militant attacks on foreign tourists in the last few months has jeopardised confidence. The agreement with the IMF

is absolutely key...everything fol-lows from that," Mr. Stewart

The IMF extended a stand-by the Gulf war.

rying out reforms.

Bankers say private Egyptians, estimated to hold more than \$50 billion overseas, have changed billions of dollars to Egyptian pounds and deposited them in local banks to take advantage of Egyptian pound interest rates of

over 15 per cent. But they have been reluctant to commit themselves to long-term. productive projects and will now: be even more cautious following The surge in Muslim fundamentalist violence which the govern-

ment says is backed by Iran. Mr. Stewart said groups of businessmen in New York and London had discussed forming country funds to channel investment into Egyptian stocks but these have been blocked by the delay in selling off state companies and reviving the stock

market. A summary of the World Bank report in the Middle East Economic Digest did not break down the direct investment figure of: \$1.2 billion. Bankers say investment by Gulf Arab countries has risen noticeably since the end of

Economic crisis deepens

Cameroon cuts wages

YAOUNDE (R) — Cameroon has cut civil service salaries for angry student. "Instead of getting the first time in a politically dangerous move reflecting the country's worsening economic crisis.

Five decrees signed by President Paul Biya and broadcast by state media Friday night announced wage cuts of between four and 20 per cent.

Prime Minister Simon Achidi Achu appealed in a statement for "civic spirit, understanding and discipline." He said the unprecedented measure would free resources for public investment and to repay some of the \$3.6 billion

Ordinary Cameroonians "My husband said that he will ! the measure was expected to trim

Yaounde, the capital, where most of the country's 170,000 civil ser-

"Mine said we will have to move to a cheaper bouse," added

gradually better everything gets worse all the time."

The government exempted the country's 12,000 soldiers and paramilitary gendarmes from the salary cuts although their family

It said; 60,000 civil servants earning less than 50,000 CFA fraocs (\$1(0)) per month were also The reductions will be applied

on a sliding scale ranging from four per cetn for the low-paid to 20 per cent for directors and ministers. Housing and other allowances; were also slashed. A finance ministry official said

send me and our five children to at least 20 per cent off the govern-the village," said a woman in ment's 288 billin CFA (\$1.04 billion) annual wage-bill, which accounts for more than half of state expenditure. The International Monetary

Fund (IMF), the World Bank and major Western donors have been stop.

"Are we a developing country? in the size and cost of the civil seriously flawed by irregularities.

With the same population as Cameroon, about 12 million, Ivory Coast has one-third fewer

France, the Biya government's main backer, loaned Cameroon \$110 million Friday but two thirds of that was going straight to the World Bank to settle arrears. The salary cuts should help Cameroon in its bid to repair relations with the IMF.

But the political risks to Mr. Biya were enormous. Throughout Africa the state is the main employer and a civil servant often feeds 20 dependants and relatives in his home village.

Civil servants form the backbone of Mr. Biya's ruling Cameroon People's Democratic Movement (RDPC) whose support was vital in his narrow and, controversial election last Octo-

The opposition, foreign observers and Western governments led by the United States decried: pressing for years for drastic cuts the vote as either rigged or

Northwest Airlines to lay off 1,000 workers to cut costs

NEW YORK (R) — Northwest Airlines, blaming a "brutal eco-nomic environment" has said it is cutting 1,043 jobs or about two per cent of its work force later this month.

The cuts, which will take effect Jan. 18, follow 1,000 layoffs in 1992 at the St. Paul. Minnesota-based airline, and analysts say they reflect the woes which continue to dog the U.S. airline industry.

Northwest, the fourth largest U.S. airline with 46,000 employees, said flight attendants, ground service employees and reservations agents would be affected by the cuts.

"The Northwest layoffs reflect continuing management concern cut and the carrier has replaced

Bros airline analyst Julius Maldutis. "Since the carriers have been unable to improve the revenue side of the equation, they are left with no alternative but to attack the cost side."

"Adverse economic conditions have required us to take aggressive action to reduce costs and improve operational efficiency. Northwest Senior Vice President Barry Kotar said in a statement.

Northwest said the layoffs would not affect on-board service or flight staffing levels because the number of its flights has been

over rising costs," said Salomon some larger wide-body aircraft with smaller aircraft on some

> Despite data that show the economy recovering last year, the airline industry stayed in its sick bed in 1992, analysts said.

"It was a recovery year, and and the brutal economic environment of the U.S. airline industry worse," said Goldman Sachs Co. analyst Glenn Engle.

Northwest took on heavy debt when the company went private in 1989 in a \$3.65 billion leveraged buyout. In November the government gave a tentative nod to Northwest and KLM Royal Dutch Airlines' request to link operations more closely. KLM owns 49 per cent of Northwest.

Malaysian manufacturers said keen to move to India gaining momentum and irreversi-ble," said Mr. Rathore.

KUALA LUMPUR (R) - Stifled India in February, said businessby rising wages and a labour shortage, cash-rich Malaysian manufacturers are keen to move operations to India despite strife over conomic reform, businessmen and officials have said.

The liberalisation of trade policies is the best thing that has appened to India," said Mustaffa Mansur, chairman of the international affairs committee of the Federation of Malaysian Manufacturers (FMM), a nongovernment organisation.

"Malaysian manufacturers are anxious to shift their labourintensive operations to India." he told Reuters. Mr. Mustaffa, who will lead a

men were not too worried about anti-reform protests in India. Nearly 250,000 Indians pro-

tested against the government's

economic reforms recently, with

one union leader saying he would force the government to reverse its policies. Indian high commissioner to Malaysia, R.S. Rathore, told members of the India-bound delegation that New Delhi's policies

irreversible. "Although the reforms were. brought about by a minority government, they were backed by

aimed at liberalising Irade were

"There is no turning back the

the opposition," he said. 20-member trade delegation to liberalisation process which is

Rathore said.

a year, he said.

such a large market." he said.

ing rubber and palm oil. Mr.

The tourism sector has been

planning to double its hotel room-capacity to 90,000 and boost tourist arrivals which were India is the 13th largest ecoa meagre 1.2 million in 1991," he nomy in the world and the largest in the region, with a market of a nearly 300 million-strong middle-FMM's Mustafa, who beads

class earning an average of \$1,400 the India-Malaysia Economic Cooperation Council, said he hoped to include representatives Businessmen cannot ignore from state-controlled firms Tenaga Nasional BHD and Telekom India has good potential for BHD in the investment mission. investment in the computer soft-"India seems to have available ware sector, tourism and

an abundance of skilled, semiresource-based industries involvskilled and skilled labour at comparatively lower costs and this will definitely interest local neglected all this while and holds businessmen with labourtremendous potential. India is intensive operations," he said.

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PARIS (R) - The influential

Le Monde still losing

French newspaper Le Monde had cut losses but was still in the red.

It said Groupe Le Monde, dominated by the daily, had a loss of 16.14 million francs (\$2.98 million) in 1991 on a turnover of

1.335 billion francs 1\$247 million). Le Monde, which has taken stringent measures to improve its position, said the continued loss was due largely to a 25.5 per cent drop in advertising revenue because of a stagnant economy. The newspaper, which sells about 350,000 copies daily, is the largest asset in the Groupe Le Monde which also publishes specialised

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Daily at 8:30 p.m. Tickets office open all day 1.202 billion francs (\$223 million). The loss was smaller than that of 24.76 million francs (\$4.58 million) in 1990 on a turnover of

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Happy New Year

Sarajevo murder threatens peace talks

SARAJEVO (R)—The Bosnian ter. Bosnian radio reported.

A Serb gunman killed Mr. peace talks were in jeopardy Saturday as the assassination of a top Bosnian government minister in Sarajevo sparked the wrath of the Muslim-led government and the international community.

Sporadic fighting rumbled on across the former Yugostav republic and in Sarajevo, although fog and ice blunted the battle for the capital city, hesieged by Serbs for nine months.

Friday's killing of Deputy Prime Minister Hakija Turajlic by a Serb gunman sent the war of words spiralling on the eve of a resumption of the international Geneva peace talks.

The Bosnian government bitterly condemned the killing, blaming it not only on Serbs but on the U.N. commander in Bosnia and the French troops who were escorning Mr. Turajlic into the town from Sarajevo airport.

The government said it considered "General Philippe Morillon...responsible for the execu-tion of the deputy prime minis-

Thousands

mourn

Pakistani

army chief

RAWALPINDI. Pakistan

(Agencies) — A crowd of thousands gathered on a race-

course in Rawalpindi Saturday to

mourn Pakistani Army Chief of

Staff General Asif Nawaz, who

died of a heart attack Friday.

President Ghulam Ishaq Khan.

Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif,

cabinet ministers and the military

ton brass were chief mourners at

funeral prayers for the tough-

talking general who died after

just 20 months in Pakistan's most

"He died on a very lucky day,

(Friday)," said one army briga-

dier among the thousands of sol-

diers who gathered at the old

racecourse in the military canton-

ment in Islamabad's twin city of

The huge numbers of mourners

at the disused ground prevented a

military honour guard holding a

Gen. Nawaz died of a heart

attack while jogging Friday, aged 56. His death has upset the deli-

cate balance among the ruling triumvirate of president, prime

The president and the prime

minister walked behind the cof-

fin, which was placed aboard a

helicopter for the journey to the

village of Gen. Nawaz's birth

near the central Punjab town of

Jhelum, where he was to be

There was no word yet as to who would succeed Gen, Nawaz,

although the next most senior

army officer. Lahore Corps com-

mander Mohammad Ashraf who

is due to retire in April. was

reponedly named acting army

Pakistan has been ruled by the

military for most of the 45 years

since its creation at the partition

army chief to die in the post.

President Mohammad Zia Ul

Haq, who concurrently held the

job of army chief of staff, was

killed in a mysterious plane crash

Bhutto called the death of Gen.

Nawaz "a great loss to the na-

soldier and he did what he said he

would do; he kept the army out of

potnics," Ms. Bhutto said from

her home in the southern port

Former Prime Minister Benazir

"He was a true professional

Gen. Nawaz was the second

of British India in 1947.

minister and army chief.

powerful job.

Rawalpindi.

huried.

chief of staff.

in 1988.

tion.'

last salute for the

Turu ilic as he sat in the back of a U.N. armoured vehicle near Sarajevo. Gen. Morillon told a news conference Saturday that Serb forces had told him they had arrested the gunman.

Gen. Morillon said the U.N. forces had failed in its protection mission but that Serb forces in Lukavica, a district south of the main city, had told him they had apprehended the culprit and would hring him to justice."

He said the killing was a reminder of the assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand of Austria in Sarajevo in 1914, an event viewed as the spark that staned World War I.

"Everybody here is thinking of the first assassination in Sarajevo. which was followed by millions of

"We have to face this second assassination...l hope history will not repeat its madness." Gen.

The U.N. Security Council,

WASHINGTON (AP) — The

State Department expressed con-

cern Friday over reports of con-

tinued Pakistani support for

Kashmiri and Sikh militants in

India but declined to designate

Pakistan a sponsor of "interna-

subject to a series of sanctions

under U.S. law.
U.S. officials said there was

strong evidence that Kashmiri and Sikh militants have received

training on Pakistani territory

and that Pakistan has provided

weapons to them. They also said

that adding Pakista'n to the "ter-

rorism list had received serious

consideration among State De-

Under-Secretairy of State

Arnold Kanter thet Thursday

with Pakistani Ambassador

Syeda Abida Hussain to discuss

Pakistan's ties with the militants

A State Department response

to press questions said Secretary

of State Lawrence Eagleburger

determined that available in-

warrant a find

ing that Pakistan load "repeatedly February 1989.

in India and other issues.

Any country so designated is

tional terrorism."

partment officials,

U.S. decides not to list

Pakistan as terrorism sponsor

U.N. peacekeeping forces, the United States government, northeast town of Bijeljina Fri-France and Turkey, all quickly condemned the assassination.

U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali appealed for the peace talks to go head despite the setback while the Geneva mediators Lord Owen and Cyrus Vance said it illustrated the need to end the

"We shouldn't continue the negotiations in Geneva until the aggressors show us that they are for peace," Bosnian Vice-President Ejup Ganic said soon after the killing.

He sent this advice to Bosnia's delegation in Geneva. Bosnian radio said, but the final word on participation was not expected until later.

Peace hopes suffered another blow when Bosnian Serbs rejected the proposals by international mediators Mr. Vance and Lord Owen for a new constitutional set-up and geographical division of Bosnia-Herzegovina

into 10 regions. The Bosnian Serbs' self-styled

provided support for acts of inter-

The State Department pointed

out, however, that Pakistan or

any nation may be designated as a

state sponsor of "terrorism" at

any time if the facts warrant. The

'terrorism" list is normally re-

Countries currently on the list

These countries are barred

are Libya, Syria, Cuba, North

from receiving U.S. aid, from purchasing U.S.-made weapons.

and from U.S. support in interna-

tional lending institutions. Trade

benefits also would be with-

drawn, among other sanctions.

the United States had close ties

with Pakistan, primarily because

of the role that country played in

funneling assistance to anti-com-

munist rebels in neighbouring

Afghanistan. On the list of U.S.

aid recipients. Pakistan ranked

But Pakistan's strategic import-

ance to the United States began

to diminish with the Soviet troop

Throughout most of the 1980s,

national terrorism.

viewed each January,

Korea, Iran and Iraq.

day, said it would not allow the Serb people to be divided into several provinces without geographical continuity and would not accept that they should "become

a party of any new nation." Diplomats at the Geneva conference said that if the Serbs rejected the peace plan, pressure would grow for international intervention to remove their heavy weaponry and air force.

According to the plan, the Bosnian Serbs would lose their lifeline corridor from the Yugoslav Republic of Serbia to Serb-held territories in northern Bosnia and Croatia.

Mr. Vance and Lord Owen have proposed to place the corridor under international monitoring to allow free passage.
"Referring to maps. (Serb) de-

punes are resolute in their stand that the Serb people cannot relinquish their right as a constituent people to create their constituent state ... ,"he Serb parliament said in its statement.

Mr. Vance and Lord Owen have said the Serb plan to establish a "state within a state" is totally unacceptable.

In Belgrade, a Serbian extremist leader whose power has dramatically increased in recent weeks made a blistering attack on Yugoslav President Dobrica Cosie Friday.

Mr. Cosie warned Bosnian Serbs on Wednesday that they faced an international military attack if they did not accept the Geneva peace plan and appealed for a government of national

Vojislav Seselj, leader of the extreme nationalist Serb Radical Party, stormed out of a meeting with Mr. Cosic and other leaders of major parties, saying "traitors" around the president should be arrested for spreading defeatism and panic.

"It would be difficult to find an example of another world statesman who attempted to sow greater panic among his people," Mr. Seselj said.

U.S. said to give Ukraine official assurances letter

WASHINGTON (R) - The United States sent Ukraine's top arms negotiator home with a letter on security assurances that all sides hope will persuade kiev's parliament to ratify the key START I nuclear weapons treaty, U.S. officials said Friday.

The letter is said to fall short of the kind of formal, high-level declaration Ukrainian Deputy Foreign Minister Boris Tarasyuk was seeking on a visit to Washington that ended Friday with a White House meeting with President George Bush.

But it and the session with Mr. Bush — unusual because the president normally meets only with higher-ranked delegations seemed to have improved the Ukrainian outlook on the visit.

"We were very satisfied with the atmosphere of real partnership and ...readiness to help

a telephone interview. Mr. Bilorus, who attended Mr. Tarasyuk's meeting with Mr. declined to confirm that U.S. officials gave the deputy non-nuclear state.

But a senior U.S. official told

were given a letter ...that describes the kinds of things that we were talking about, the kind of assurances we could make once they ratify the treaty and pledge to become a non-nuclear state,"

writing that they would take back and show their folks," he added. Ukrainian President Leonid Kravchuk and other officials have demanded security guarantees and compensation in exchange for giving up the arms and their expensive nuclear components.

But the Stale Department, after two days of talks with Mr. Ukraine in this very delicate Tarasyuk, said Thursday it was situation," Ukrainian Ambassador Oleh Bilorus told Reuters in armament aid and security assurances only after it ratifies the START-I and nuclear non-proliferation treaties that would codify Kicv's commitment

foreign minister a letter concerning the security assurances Ukraine had been demanding before START-I was ratified.

"My understanding is that they

Yes, we put something in

All survive Indian plane crash NEW DELHI (R) - All 161 Thursday of the safety hazards in

people aboard an Indian Airlinesoperated plane had a miraculous escape Saturday when it crashed, overturned and lourned on landing in thick fog at Delhi airport.

The tail and the right wing of the 164-seater TU-154 plane, leased from Uzbekistan Airlines and flown by a. Russian crew, were ripped off in the crash on the main runway, Delhi Airport Director Harban's Kumar told re-

Civil aviation officials said all passengers on board survived but four were injured. Civil Aviation Minister Madhavrao Scindia offered his resignation after the

A spokesman for Mr. Scindia said he offered his resignation to Printe Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao after a brief meeting. It was not clear whether Mr. Rao had accepted it, he said.

Mr. Scindia blamed the Indian Commercial Pilots' Association (ICPA), leading a month-old strike of Indian Airlines pilots, for forcing the government to lease Tupolev TU-t54 planes from Uzbekistarı and Bulgaria. An Indian Airlines official said the government si spended all

flights of TU-154s after the crash.

tude of the pilots of Indian airlines, the management was compelled to lease aircraft," Mr. Scindia said in a statement.

"Since the accident occurred in the case of one such aircraft, as head of the Civil Aviation Ministry I would not be at peace with myself if I did not tender my resignation.

IČPA spokesman Satish Lumba said the plane missed the runway - whose central lights were not turned on because they were under maintenance - and the pilot tried to steer back on to

The plane went airborne and landed a second time and spun. The right wing separated and the plane flipped over on to its

back," Mr. Lumba said. He said the right wing and tail breaking off appeared to have been a major factor in allowing the passengers to escape quickly through the holes in the fuselage it created

The ICPA, which is striking for better wages and improved safety at the many Indian airports with less than up-to-date landing equipment, said the crash was entirely the fault of the government and refused to accept any blame.

The ICPA said it had warned the Civil Aviation Directorate flying the TU-154s.

"It is surprising that Uzbekistan aircraft are now flying on call signs of Indian Airlines without filing weather minimas with the national airport authority," the ICPA said in a letter to the Civil Aviation Directorate and made available to Reuters.

It referred to statutory safety regulations concerning the mini-mum visibility in which a commercial aircraft can take off and land with safety.

There is not a single air traffic control unit in India which is aware of the minimas of these (TU-154) aircraft," the letter

"We feel that safety is being jeopardised and your office cannot remain a silent spectator to all these gimmicks that may lead to a fatal accident in the present sce-

nario. The ICPA made a subsequent statement Friday warning that the Russian pilots were not adequately trained to fly in and out of

Indian airfields. "Pilots operating TU-154s are totally unfamiliar with the Indian

airfields and have not undertaken any route checks," normal proceedures for pilots for learning the new routes and airports, the

Hoxha's widow on trial

TIRANA, Albania (AP) - The widow of Albania's former Stalinist leader Enver Hoxha and a senior government aide went on trial Friday on charges of abuse and misappropriation of state funds.

The trial of Nexhmije Hoxha was Albania's first of a leading member of the toppled communist elite that kept the impoverished Balkan country isolated from the rest of the world for decades.

About 130 people packed the small courtroom as Mrs. Hoxha, 72, and Kino Buxheli, the head of government services to the leadership in 1986-1990, were

escorted in by two policemen. The poverty of Europe's poorest country was evident in he courtroom, where about 10 rough wooden benches were laid out on each side of the gallery in the Tirana district court. Light was provided by two bare bulbs sticking out of the wall, and heating was switched on in the courtroom only an hour before the trial began. Before Tirana prosecutor

Teodor Mosko read the 34-page indictment, Mrs. Hoxha complained that proceedings were not carried tive on TV.

But Judge Muharrem Kushe said such plans were dropped because live programming of "contradictory" witness accounts could prejudice the trial. A request by Mrs. Hoxha for her case to be separated from Mr. Buxheli's also was turned down.

Mrs. Hoxha's son, Sokol, said in an nterview Thursday that the trial was politically motivated and that he expected her to get a prison term of at least 10 years. Law permits a jail term of seven to 25 years, and also allows the death penalty for severe economic

Mrs. Hoxha was a powerful Albanian communist in her own right, and after her husband's death in 1985 was considered one of those who tried to prevent

The indictment charged that after her husband's death Mrs. Hoxha misused a total of 764,192 leks, worth about \$75,000 at the time, or more than 300 years' salary for Albanians lucky

enough to have work. She also was charged with defrauding Albania of another 121,738 leks (\$12,000) but not paying full value for goods and services purchased for her by the

LANGLEY, Virginia (R) — President George Bush visited the headquarters of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) on Friday and in an emotional farewell vowed to champion the cause of a powerful spy apparatus even after he leaves office. Mr. Bush. himself a former CIA director, was greeted as a conquering hero by CIA employees, including undercover operatives, who lined the corridors to welcome him. "Ladies and gentlemen, our most distinguished alumnus," current CIA Director Robert Gates said before Mr. Bush spoke in the agency's sky-lighted main cafeteria. CIA and White House officials told photographers and video cameramen not to take pictures of the 1,000 or more of the agency's 15,000 employees to protect the identity of clandestine operatives among those in the luneh-room crowd.

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

Bush vows to back U.S. spy arm

French, German army divisions to be twinned

PARIS (R) — The French army division which took Hitler's "eagle's nest" retreat in Berchtesgaden at the end of World War II is to be twinned with a German division as a sign of friendship between the two countries. French officers told reporters Friday a ceremony would be held at the headquarters of the French Second Armoured Division on Jan. 19 in Versailles to mark its twinning with German Seventh Panzerdivision based at Unna. near Dortmund. Officers from both armies will take part in that and a similar ceremony to be held later at the German unit's base. The twinning of units, relatively common among Western armies. involves exchanges between sub-units to allow each side to study the other's language, weaponry and working methods. The twinning is separate from the structure of the nascent Franco-German "Eurocorps," made up of one divison from each army in addition to an already existing Franco-German brigade.

Greece accepts Macedonia arbitration plan

ATHENS (R) - Greece accepted a French proposal for international arbitration in a dispute between Athens and the former Yugoslav republic of Macedonia, a government statement said Friday, "Greece does not reject the French initiative," the statement said, "International arbitration is the only approach for resolving disputes between neighbouring countries when bilateral talks could not have been productive and war cannot be considered as means of resolving differences," it added. Greece has blocked the European Community from recognising Macedonia, saying the name implies territorial ambitions against its own northern region also called Macedonia,

Woman who stalked Bush sent to prison

DENVER, Colorado (R) - A woman who pleaded guilty to planning to kill President George Bush while he campaigned in Colorado last September was sentenced Friday to 27 months in prison and ordered to undergo psychiatric treatment. Deborah Butler, a 33-year-old legal secretary, was suffering from reduced mental capacity on Sept. 15 when she took a loaded pistol to an election rally where Mr. Bush was speaking, a judge ruled. He also ordered a \$2,000 fine. If Ms. Buller had not been distracted by another person as the presidential motoreade passed, "there's every reason to believe the act would have been brought to fruition," the judge said. In the diary and in later statements Ms. Butler said she had considered using her gun because she wanted lo draw attention to her emotional problems. She was suffering from marital and job stress, her lawyer said.

Judge denies Noriega request

MIAMI (AP) - Lawvers for Panama say they believe ous leader Manuel Noriega has plenty of money hidden around the world and they intend to find it and return it to the country's depleted treasury. A federal judge Thursday refused to throw out a \$6.5 billion lawsuit by the nation of Panama against Noriega. The lawsuit, filed in October 1990, charges that Mr. Noriega — who faces 40 years in a U.S. prison for a drug-trafficking conviction last spring — looted Panama's treasury, tortured and killed opponents and ran drug and money-laundering rackets. The search for Mr. Noriega's plunder is "not just symbolic," said Thomas Equels, a Miami attorney representing Panama, 'There are substantial amounts of money that have been frozen in other jurisdictions. Plus, our hope is to discover additional funds that he

Rain eases California drought

LOS ANGELES (R) - Resident's of southern California, who have suffered through six years of drought, were recovering Friday from near-record rains and bracing for more downpours over the weekend. As two days of heavy rain gave way to intermittent showers on Friday the National Weather Service warned that another heavy winter storm was to slam into the area Saturday, bringing rain which could last until the middle of next week. Southern Calfironia is officially in its seventh year of drought, but soggy residents of the area were crying "enough." Recent rainfall has been almost twice normal for this time of the year compared to pre-drought years.

Clinton: U.S. should not be involved in kidnapping

AUSTIN, Texas (R) — President-elect Bill Clinton said Friday he disagreed with the 1990 kidnapping of a Mexican doctor for prosecution in the United States and would not condone such actions in the future. The United States, he told a news conference after meeting here with Mexican President Carlos Salinas, must respect the sovereignty of other nations. "I believe when another nation is willing to obey the law and in the absence of information that the government itself has wilfully refused to obey the law, that the United States should not be involved in kidnapping." Mr. Clinton said.

Medellin abandoned by government — mayor

BOGOTA, Colombia (R) - Hours after the latest in a series of powerful carbombs killed two people, injured 37 and wrecked a housing complex in the drug city of Medellin, the mayor complained that the government seemed to have abandoned the cily 10 a bloody fate. Assassins in the pay of ruthless cocaine cartels have killed 73 police in Medellin in less than three months, set off half a dozen carbombs to blow up police patrols, mounted illegal roadblocks and ordered numerous massacres. Prosecutor General Gustavo de Greiff has said Medellin cartel boss Pablo Escobar personally directed the execution-style killing of a retired police officer, who was shot dead in front of a group of hostages. Police patrols on foot have all but disappeared because officers are too terrified to risk their lives. "Medellin has not received one single call for solidarity or show of support from the government after the latest bombs," said Mayor Luis Alfredo Ramos. "It seems that the entire top echelon of government have taken collective holidays...for the ministers, it seems Medellin does not

Vietnamese police hold opium traffickers

HANOI (R) - Hanoi police said Saturday they had made one of Vietnam's biggest drug seizures when they arrested a married couple last month and netted 65 kilogrammes of opium. Ta Duy Tu. 32, and his wife Giang Thi Thuy, 30, were arrested on Dec. 21 while transporting the opium by vehicle from Hai Hung province east of Hanoi to the capital, police told Reuters, confirming an official newspaper report. Police also seized some opium at the couple's house in Hanoi as well as 133 old silver coins that are not considered legal money in Vietnam but used by some ethnic minorities for trading. Police said the couple confessed to drug trafficking. The date of their trial was not available. Government officials and foreign drug experts say opium abuse and trafficking have increased in recent years as communist authorities have given people more freedom to move around the country. Some ethnic minorities in the northern mountains have traditionally smoked opium and grown the poppy plants that produce the drug.

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Japan to study video games effect

TOKYO (R) - Japan's health ministry is to study the effect of computer video games on the physical and mental health of children following complaints from parents. Kyodo news agen-cy said Saturday. The ministry will soon set up a research team of pacdiatricians, sports phy-siologists and child psychologists to observe how children react physically and psychologically to a wide range of video games over a one year period. Britain has launched an inquiry into reports that children may suffer epileptic fits from computer games. The move followed newspaper reports that two boys in cardiff had suf. fered fits. Every second household in Japan owns at least one computer video game. The equipment is usually connected to a television screen or a video monitor and operated with a joystick or specially-designed keyboard that differs from maker to maker. Kyodo said Nintendo, which has a 90 per cent comestic market share for home computer games, has sold more than 40 million video game sets since 1983.

'Fiuffy balls' of wool could mop up oil

CANBERRA (R) - Surplus Australian wool may be able to mop up oil spills such as the one that hit the Shetland islands this week, according to an Australian opposition politician. The wool industry had spent two years researching the possibility because of wools particularly effective absorbent capabilities. Tim Fischer, leader of the rural-based National Parts. said in a statement. The research showed great promise, although the idea was not at an operational stage yet, he said. Dieter Plate, a wool researcher with the government's Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation, said wool was a good absorbent in the form of fiuffy little balls, which could be netted into long sausages to sweep up the oil. "And because it's biodegradable you can just comoo he said in an interview. Australia is steadily selling its stockpile of four million 175-kilogrammes bales of wool, the result of an unsuccessful price-support scheme abandoned in 1991. The Liberian-registered lanker Breef ran aground in the Shetland Is my lands at the northernmost tip of the British Isles three days ago with 84,500 tonnes of crude oil on

Mandela builds replica of prison home

JOHANNESBURG (R) - Nelson Mandela has built a replica of the warder's house in which he spent the last two of his 27 years as a prisoner, a newspaper reported Friday. The Johannesburg Star quoted sources as saying Mr. Mandela originally wanted the house at his birthplace of Qunu. in Transkei, to be a "carbon copy of the warder's home at Victor Verster prison in the Cape but some materials were not available. The prison service supplied the plans and Mr. Mande-la's 400,000 rand (\$133,000) home, had the same arches, windows, gutters and floorplan. The paper said Mr. Mandela, who normally lives in Johannesburg and refers to his four bedroom. three bathroom Transkei home as "my place of rest," had declined to comment on his reasons for copying the house. He was released in February 1990.

Alien wants psychiatric check for Farrow

NEW YORK (R) - Film director Woody Allen wants actress Mia Farrow, with whom he is embroiled in a child custody battle, to undergo a psychiatric examination, his lawvers said Fri day. After a Manhatlan judge ruled Friday that cameras would not be allowed in court during their custody hearing next Tuesday, lawyers for Mr. Allen said he wants ex-lover Farrow to undergo the examination before a ruling is made on custody of their three children.

Thieves steal car with passengers

JOHANNESBURG (R) — Six men stole a car in South Africa's Boipatong township with two women passengers still inside. police said Saturday. The car thieves, one armed with a rifle, ordered the driver and a male companion out of the car which had stopped at a house in Boipatong Friday night. Police said the women were dropped off unharmed in nearby Sharpeville two hours later. The car was still

city of Karachi, "Due to the unfortunate atti-Former U.S. secretaries of state praise Clinton team

LITTLE ROCK (AP) - Four former U.S. secretaries of state say President-elect Bill Clinton picked a solid foreign policy team. and should be able to make up for his own lack of experience with on-the-job training.

The four were in Mr. Clinton's hometown Friday for a meeting to discuss foreign policy options facing the new administration.

While the session was taking place, Mr. Clinton was in Austin, Texas, to meet with Mexicum President Carlos Salinas de Gor-But the four arrived here

Thursday in time to meet with Mr. Clinton at the Arkansas governor's mansion and attend a reception with the president-They are here for the annual report of the secretaries of state. The one-day session, sponsorer i by the Fulbright Institute of In-

mats to discuss and analyse foreign policy issues. It is open to the public. The former secretaries are William Rogers, Edmund Muskie,

ternational Relations and the

Southern Centre for Internation-

al Studies, allows former diplo-

Shultz. Henry Kissinger was expected, but cancelled hecause of a scheduling conflict.

and his team appear up to the You've got 1.0 loss a coin every morning" to determine the most pressing problem, said Mr.

Mr. Muskie said Mr. Clinton's lack of foreign alfairs experience should not be counted against him. When I became secretary of state I didn't have very much experience, except for being a member of the Senate Foreign

"It's on-the-job training," he said. "You learn as you go." Mr. Haig. secretary of state under Ronald Reagan, said Mr.

He said Mr. Clinton cannot

Alexander Haig and George

The four said Mr. Clinton inherits a world in turmoil, but he

Muskie, a member of Jimmy Carter's cabinet. "Is it going to be Bosnia or Somalia? Today it's

Relations Committee, and all those meetings were held in Washington."

Clinton 'picked a good team. I've known most of them and have worked with them over the



President-elect Bill Clinton gestures as he meets with four former U.S. secretaries of state. From left to right: Alexander Haig, George Shultz, Mr. Clinton, William Rogers and Edmund Muskie (AFP

if you fail abroad and you cannot succeed abroad if you fail at home." Mr. Haig said. Mr. Rogers, secretary of state in Richard Nixon's administration, said Mr. Clinton "selected a good team of people in the foreign affairs area.

ignore foreign policy while deal-

ing with trouble at home, or

"You cannot succeed at home

vice-versa.

He said Mr. Clinton's top priority must be helping Russian President Boris Yeltsin maintain democracy in his country. "I think probably the most important long-term problem is

how to be sure Mr. Yeltsin is saved. I think he is vital to the security of the world," Mr. Rogers said. Getting the START arms re-

duction treaty with Russia ratified should be Mr. Clinton's second priority, Mr. Rogers said. On Iraq, Mr. Rogers said Mr. Clinton "must clean that up." He said the incoming president must continue to press the United Nations to hold Iraq to U.N. resolu-

"If they pass a resolution that is not enforced, as in the past, their service credibility is affected," he said.